

Graduate Enrollment and Degrees: 2007 to 2017



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Quick Takes

The CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees is the comprehensive source of information on master's and doctoral program applications, enrollment, and degrees in the United States. This report highlights findings from Fall 2017 with detailed data tables. Below are several key points from this year's survey.

HIGHLIGHTS BY SELECTED INSTITUTIONAL TYPES

- Applications for admission to graduate school in Fall 2017 decreased (-1.8%) overall. While there was a slight increase of applications to private not-for-profit institutions (1.4%), applications to public institutions decreased by 3.7%. Over the same period, most research-intensive universities were least affected. Doctoral moderate research institutions (-9.1%) and master's colleges and universities (-4.9%) saw larger decreases in applications, compared to doctoral highest research institutions (-0.1%) and doctoral higher research institutions (-3.8%) (Table C.1).
- First-time enrollment (3.0%) and total enrollment (2.6%) in doctoral highest research institutions increased between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017. However, at doctoral higher research institutions and doctoral moderate research institutions, both first-time enrollment (-4.2% and -7.1%) and total enrollment (-1.4% and -5.6%) decreased between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 (Tables C.4 and C.14).

HIGHLIGHTS BY SELECTED DEGREE OBJECTIVES

- Doctoral Degrees. Applications to graduate school decreased at the doctoral level (-2.0%) between 2016 and 2017 (Table C.1). Yet, the acceptance rate to programs remained relatively unchanged between Fall 2017 and Fall 2016 (22.8% and 22.2%, respectively) (Table B.1). Doctorate-level first-time enrollment decreased by 0.8% between 2016 and 2017. Some fields saw large decreases over the past year, with an average annual decrease of 5.7% in arts and humanities, 2.3% in physical and earth sciences, and 1.8% in business (Table C.12). However, there was a 1.7% increase in the number of doctoral degrees awarded between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 (Table C.30).
- *Master's Degrees*. Between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017, applications for admission to master's or graduate-level certificate programs decreased 1.8% (Table C.1). Despite fewer applications, there was no change in master's-level first-time enrollment between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 (Table C.13). The large majority (83.4%) of all first-time graduate students in Fall 2017 were enrolled in programs leading to a master's degree or a graduate certificate. Furthermore, the large majority (83.4%) of degrees awarded in 2016-17 were master's degrees, while the share of doctoral degrees was 11.1%, and that of graduate certificates was 5.5% (Tables B.6 and B.21). The number of master's degrees awarded by institutions participating in the survey increased by 4.6% between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 (Table C.29).

HIGHLIGHTS BY SELECTED STUDENT DEMOGRAPHICS

• International Students. First-time graduate enrollment of international students decreased (-3.7%) between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017. This is the second decrease in this population since 2003. However, the five-year average annual rate of change (4.7%), as well as the ten-year average annual rate of change (5.6%), remains strong. Furthermore, proportionally fewer international students comprised first-time graduate enrollment in Fall 2017 than last year and the year before. They accounted for 20.3% of first-time graduate students in Fall 2017, compared to 21.1% in Fall 2016, and 22.0% in Fall 2015. Selective high research universities were least affected by the volatility of international

students. At doctoral highest research institutions, three out of ten (29.9%) first-time enrollees were international graduate students. Shares of first-time international graduate students were higher at private, not-for-profit institutions (24.2%) than at public institutions (19.0%) in Fall 2017 (Tables B.8 and C.5).

- *U.S. Citizens and Permanent Residents*. The first-time and total enrollment increases are driven by U.S. citizens and permanent resident graduate students (1.1% and 1.2%, respectively) (Tables C.9 and C.15). In terms of field of study, the first-time enrollment of U.S. citizens and permanent resident graduate students increased in mathematics and computer sciences (17.2%), business (5.7%), and health sciences (1.9%) between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 (Table C.9).
- Underrepresented Minorities. Among first-time U.S. citizens and permanent resident graduate students in the Fall of 2017, about 23.9% were underrepresented minorities, including American Indian/Alaska Native (0.5%), Black/African American (11.9%), Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander (0.2%), and Hispanic/Latino (11.3%) (Table B.11). Minority students remain substantially underrepresented, particularly in STEM fields, with an alarming trend for American Indian/Alaska Native. Particularly notable among underrepresented minorities was that for two consecutive years, first-time graduate enrollment of Hispanic/Latino students increased (5.6%). The five-year average annual rate of change (8.0%), as well as the ten-year average annual rate of change (8.1%), is strong (Table C.5). Both Hispanic/Latino men and women saw an increase in first-time graduate enrollment (7.9% and 4.2%, respectively) between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 (Table C.6). The growth appears to be linked in part to the 21.8% increase in first-time enrollment in mathematics and computer sciences, 11.2% increase in business, and 10.3% increase in engineering (Table C.10).
- *Gender.* In Fall 2017, the majority of first-time graduate students at all degree levels were women 59.2% at the master's degree level and 53.5% at the doctoral level. Women also earned the majority of graduate certificates (64.0%), master's degrees (57.3%), and doctoral degrees (53.0%) awarded by U.S. institutions in 2016-17. Furthermore, women earned the majority of graduate certificates in education (78.0%), master's degrees in health sciences (80.0%), and doctoral degrees in public administration (75.6%). However, men still constituted a majority share of first-time graduate students in engineering, mathematics and computer sciences, and physical and earth sciences (For more details, see Tables B.7, B.23, B.24, and B.25).

HIGHLIGHTS BY SELECTED BROAD FIELDS OF STUDY

- Arts and Humanities. Graduate applications in arts and humanities decreased 1.8% between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 (Table C.2). First-time enrollment in doctoral programs in arts and humanities declined by 5.7% between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017, and master's first-time enrollment declined by 1.9% (Tables C.12 and C.13). Between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017, the number of degrees conferred in arts and humanities decreased 26.2% at the graduate certificate level, decreased 5.7% at the doctoral level, and decreased 4.9% at the master's level (Tables C.28, C.29, and C.30).
- Engineering. Graduate applications in engineering decreased 7.3% between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017. This follows recent trends of graduate applications in engineering between Fall 2015 and Fall 2016 (-0.9%) and between Fall 2014 and Fall 2015 (-0.7%). This may be driven by changes in international applications. Graduate applications to master's programs in engineering declined by 10.7% between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017, while doctoral applications flattened (0.4%). The first-time enrollment of engineering graduate students decreased 0.5% at the doctoral level and 5.3% at the master's level. The number of degrees awarded in engineering decreased 21.8% at the graduate certificate level, increased 2.2% at the master's level, and decreased 0.8% at the doctoral level (For more details see, Tables C.2, C.3, C.12, C.13, C.28, C.29, and C.30).

- Mathematics and Computer Sciences. There have been robust increases in first-time enrollment in mathematics and computer sciences (3.8%) between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017, in line with the positive trend over the previous five-year (12.8%) and ten-year (12.1%) periods (Table C.7). Mathematics and computer sciences have the largest increases in first-time enrollment both for part-time students (21.0%) and for U.S. citizens and permanent resident graduate students (17.2%) between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 (Tables C.8 and C.9). Also, mathematics and computer sciences saw a large increase in degrees conferred at the graduate certificate's level (15.5%) and master's level (13.6%) between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 (Tables C.28 and C.29).
- Public Administration. Public administration has the largest share of underrepresented minorities. In Fall 2017, the first-time enrollment in public administration was 15.3% for Hispanic/Latino and 18.8% for African American. The total enrollments in public administration were 14.1% for Hispanic/Latino and 20.6% for African American (Tables B.11 and B.20). Moreover, public administration had the largest increase in first-time enrollments (9.2%) for international students between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 (Table C.9).

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Introduction

The CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees is jointly sponsored by the Council of Graduate Schools (CGS) and the Graduate Record Examinations (GRE) Program. Conducted annually since 1986, the survey is designed to provide information about applications for admission to graduate school, graduate student enrollment, and graduate degrees and certificates conferred. Graduate education is a vital part of U.S. higher education. By providing an annual examination of trends in graduate applications, enrollment, and degrees, by broad field of study, degree level, and demographics, this report is essential for understanding the graduate education enterprise.

The CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees is the only national survey that collects data on first-time and total graduate enrollment across all fields of master's and research doctorate programs in the United States. It is also the only source of data on first-time and total graduate enrollment by degree level (master's versus research doctorate) and the only national survey that collects data on applications to graduate school by broad field of study.

The 2017 CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees was launched in November 2017 to the U.S.-based institutions that were members of the Council of Graduate Schools or one of the four school associations—the regional graduate Conference of Southern Graduate Schools (CSGS), the Midwestern Association of Graduate Schools (MAGS), the Northeastern Association of Graduate Schools (NAGS), and the Western Association of Graduate Schools (WAGS). This year's survey was sent to a total of 777 colleges and universities, and useable responses were received from institutions (N=619), for an overall response rate of 80%.

This report begins by highlighting the findings on the number of applications received from prospective graduate students for Fall 2017, firsttime and total enrollment for Fall 2017, and the number of master's and doctoral degrees and other post-baccalaureate certificates conferred during the 2016-17 academic year. Then, this report describes some of the one-year comparisons and five- and ten-year average annual changes. Full data tables appear at the end of the report in Appendix B (Data Tables for Graduate Applications; First-Time Enrollment, and Total Enrollment, Fall 2017; and Degrees Conferred, 2016-17) and Appendix C (Data Tables for Trends in Graduate Applications; First-Time Enrollment; Enrollment; and Degrees Conferred, 2007 to 2017). Other appendices include, Appendix A (Definitions), Appendix D (Taxonomy of Fields of Study), Appendix E (List of Institutions Participated in the Fall 2017 Survey), and Appendix F (Survey Instrument).

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Thank you to CGS President Suzanne Ortega for her insights and guidance. We also thank Katherine Hazelrigg for assistance in preparation for the report release and media relations and to Matthew Linton for copy editing. Last, and most importantly, special thanks to the graduate deans, institutional researchers, and other staff at the colleges and universities who completed the CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees this and every year. We are extremely grateful for the time and effort these and other persons gave to the survey project and report.

Graduate Applications, Enrollment, and Degrees: Fall 2017

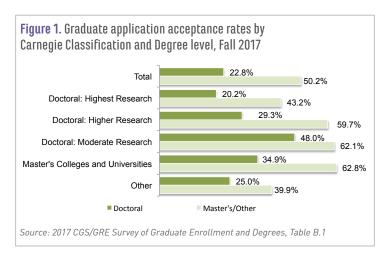
More than 1.8 million graduate students were enrolled in graduate certificate, master's, or doctoral programs at U.S. graduate schools in Fall 2017, according to institutions responding to the 2017 CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees. The number of applications received by responding institutions decreased by 1.8% between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017. The first-time graduate enrollment and total graduate enrollment was flat between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 (-0.1% and -0.5%, respectively). This section will highlight the state of graduate education with respect to applications for admission for Fall 2017, first-time and total enrollment in Fall 2017, and graduate degrees and certificates conferred in the 2016-17 academic year.

GRADUATE APPLICATIONS

Institutions responding to the 2017 CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees received approximately 2.2 million applications for admission to graduate programs for study beginning in Fall 2017. Public institutions received more than 1.3 million applications for Fall 2017, while private, not-for-profit institutions received 843,163 graduate applications. About 70%, or 1,522,536 of the applications received by institutions responding to the survey were to master's/other programs. Even among highest research doctoral universities, 63% of applications received were to master's/other programs.

Acceptance rates for doctoral programs have traditionally been lower than acceptance rates for master's/other programs, and results from the 2017 survey were consistent with this pattern. Overall, 22.8% of doctoral applicants and 50.2% of master's/other applicants were accepted for admission. Private, not-for-profit institutions were generally more selective in terms of acceptance rates than public institutions. Doctoral programs at private, not-for-profit research universities with highest

research activity were most selective with accepting of 14.4% of applications received. Master's/other programs at these universities were also more selective with an overall average acceptance rate of 40.3% (Table B.1 and Figure 1).

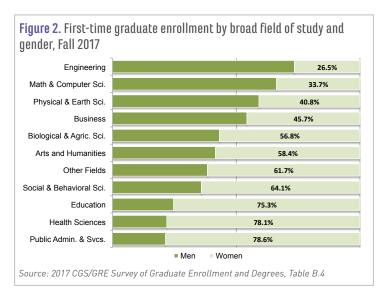


By broad field of study, the largest number of total applications for Fall 2017 were in engineering (303,209), business (289,183), and health sciences (280,844). Engineering, business, and health sciences alone accounted for 40% of all graduate applications for which the intended field of study was known. Among doctoral applicants, social and behavioral sciences was the largest broad field, accounting for 122,638, or 19%, of all doctoral applications. The broad field of social and behavioral sciences (15.3%) was the second most selective field in terms of doctoral acceptance rates, trailing only the broad field of business (14.4%). Business received the largest number of applications at the master's/other level (265,048),followed engineering (202,239). In terms of master's acceptance rates, mathematics and computer sciences (36.8%) was most selective, followed by arts and humanities (41.3%), health sciences (41.7%), engineering (44.0%), physical and earth sciences (44.5%), and biological and agricultural sciences (49.2%) (Table B.2).

FIRST-TIME GRADUATE ENROLLMENT

A total of 524,497 graduate students enrolled for the first time in graduate certificate, education specialist, master's, or research doctoral programs in Fall 2017 at the institutions responding to the CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees. At those institutions, over one half of first-time graduate students (58.4%) were women (Table B.3).

Consistent with previous survey cycles, business (86,877), education (79,115), and health sciences (66,346), were the three largest broad fields of firsttime graduate enrollment in Fall 2017. These three broad fields collectively represented 44.3% of firsttime graduate enrollments. Institutions responding to the survey also reported that while women constitute more than three quarters of first-time graduate enrollment in fields of administration and services (78.6%), health sciences (78.1%), and education (75.3%) in Fall 2017, they comprised much smaller portions of first-time enrollment in fields of engineering (26.5%), mathematics and computer sciences (33.7%), and physical and earth sciences (40.8%) (Table B.4 and Figure 2).



The large majority (83.4%) of first-time graduate students in Fall 2017 were enrolled in programs leading to a master's degree or a graduate certificate. As a percentage of total first-time enrollment, graduate certificate and master's degree enrollment

was particularly high in the broad fields of public administration and services (96.6%), business (95.0%), "other fields" (92.5%)¹, education (86.0%), and mathematics and computer sciences (86.0%). By contrast, the majority (60.0%) of first-time graduate enrollment in physical and earth science was in doctoral programs (Table B.6).

Roughly one third (34.3%) of all first-time students, for whom both fields and degree levels are known, were enrolled in master's degree or graduate certificate programs in business (82,545) and education (68,285). At the doctoral level, the broad fields of health sciences (13,579), social and behavioral sciences (11,955), education (11,117), and engineering (10,391) were the largest, accounting for 53.7% of all first-time doctoral students (Table B.6).

In Fall 2017, women comprised a larger share of first-time enrollees at the master's and graduate certificate level (59.2%) than at the doctoral level (53.5%). However, in business, engineering, mathematics and computer sciences, and physical and earth sciences, men comprised a larger share of first-time enrollees both at master's and doctoral level (Table B.7).

Consistent with past surveys, U.S. citizens and permanent residents constituted the majority of first-time graduate enrollments. Specifically, among first-time graduate enrollees in Fall 2017 for whom citizenship was known, 79.7% were U.S. citizens and permanent residents and 20.3% were international students. The share of international students among first-time graduate students was higher at private, not-for-profit universities (24.2%) than at public universities (19.0%). The share of international students among full-time graduate students was the largest at doctoral universities with highest research activity (29.9%) (Table B.8). International students comprised the largest share of first-time graduate students in mathematics and computer sciences (56.3%), followed closely by engineering (52.9%). The share of international students was smallest in education (3.9%), public administration and services (4.0%), and health sciences (5.1%) (Table B.9 and Figure 3). While

¹ The "other fields" category included the fields of Architecture and Environmental Design, Communications and Journalism, Family and Consumer Sciences, Library and Archival Sciences, and Religion and Theology (For more details, see Appendix D).

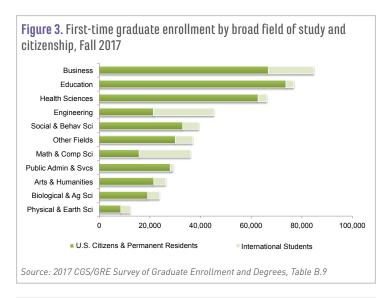
61.9% of first-time graduate enrollees who were U.S. citizens and permanent residents were women, only 44.2% of first-time graduate enrollees who were international students were women (Table B.10).

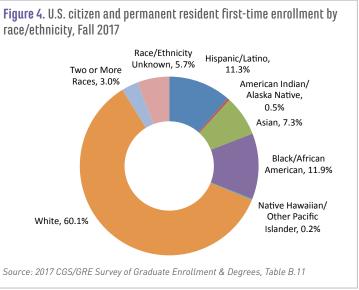
The share of underrepresented minorities (URM) among U.S. citizens and permanent residents was similar to previous years (23.4%). In Fall 2017, approximately 23.9% of all first-time U.S. citizens and permanent resident enrollees were URM students, including American Indian/Alaska Native (0.5%), Black/African American (11.9%), Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander (0.2%), and Hispanic/Latino (11.3%) (Table B.11 and Figure 4).

American Indian/Alaska Native, Black/African American, and Hispanic/Latino first-time graduate students remain particularly underrepresented in science, engineering, technology, and mathematics (STEM) fields. For example, only 3.7% of those enrolled for the first time in physical and earth sciences and 5.7% of first-time U.S. citizens and permanent resident students in engineering were Black/African American students. While only 3.7% of first-time students in education were Asians, they constituted a relatively large share of U.S. citizens and permanent residents enrolled for first time in mathematics and computer sciences (16.9%) and engineering (14.2%) fields (Table B.11). Tables B.3 to B.11 provide additional details regarding first-time graduate enrollment for Fall 2017.

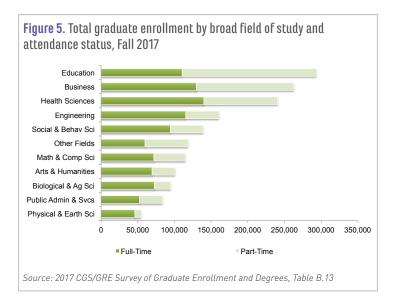
TOTAL GRADUATE ENROLLMENT

Institutions responding to the CGS/GRE survey enrolled more than 1.8 million graduate students in Fall 2017. Over one million of those graduate students, or 57.9%, were women. Interestingly, at highest research doctoral universities, men and women were almost equally represented with 48.8% men and 51.2% women. Across all institutions that participated in this survey, 57.5% of graduate students were enrolled full time. The share of fulltime students among all graduate students was the greatest at private, not-for-profit highest-level research doctoral institutions with 76.6% of graduate students enrolled full time. By contrast, 61.4% of graduate students at public master's colleges and universities were enrolled part time in Fall 2017 (Table B.12).





The three largest broad fields of study: business, education, and health sciences, were also the fields with the largest proportions of part-time graduate students. More than six out of ten (62.3%) master's and doctoral students in education, one half (50.6%) in business, and 41.8% in health sciences were enrolled part time. By contrast, physical and earth sciences (15.8%), biological and agricultural sciences (23.3%), and engineering (28.3%) had smaller proportions of graduate students enrolled part time in their programs (Table B.13 and Figure 5). Among graduate students in Fall 2017, men were more likely to be enrolled full time than women (60.3% and 55.2% respectively). However, a higher percentage of women than men were enrolled full time in engineering, mathematics and computer sciences, and public administration and services (Table B.14).



Nearly three quarters (74.0%) of total graduate enrollment was in master's programs, while 26.0% was in doctoral programs. In particular, graduate enrollment in business (93.9%) and public administration and services (92.6%) was heavily concentrated in master's/other programs. By contrast, STEM graduate enrollment was concentrated more in doctoral programs; for example, 73.7% of physical and earth sciences enrollment was at the doctoral level. However, across STEM fields, graduate enrollment was predominantly at the master's level (Table B.15).

International graduate students constituted 18.5% of total enrollment in Fall 2017, compared with U.S. citizens and permanent residents, who constituted 81.5%. At the highest research doctoral institutions, the share of international students was 28.3% (Table B.17). The presence of international students was particularly high in engineering (52.7%), mathematics and computer sciences (52.0%), and physical and earth sciences (32.8%) (Table B.18).

Among U.S. citizens and permanent residents, Black/African American were particularly underrepresented in several fields. While they constitute 12.6% of U.S. citizens and permanent resident graduate students, overall, they accounted for only 3.3% of physical and earth sciences. Similarly, they were grossly underrepresented in engineering (5.7%), arts and humanities (5.8%), and biological and agricultural sciences (6.0%) (Table

B.20). Complete details of total enrollment findings by institution type, gender, attendance status, broad field, degree level, citizenship, and race/ethnicity appear in Tables B.12 to B.20.

GRADUATE CERTIFICATES AND DEGREES CONFERRED

Institutions responding to the CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees awarded a total of 716,091 graduate certificates and degrees in the academic year 2016-17 (July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017). The large majority (597,304 or 83.4%) of degrees awarded in 2016-17 were master's degrees, followed by doctoral degrees (79,738 or 11.1%), and graduate certificates (39,049 or 5.5%) (Table B.21).

By field of study, health sciences accounted for the largest number of doctoral degrees awarded in 2016-17, with 20.5% of the total, followed by engineering (13.2%), education (12.9%), social and behavioral sciences (12.9%), and biological and agricultural sciences (11.8%). At the master's degree level, business and education were the largest broad fields of degrees awarded, accounting for 20.8% and 18.8%, respectively. While over one third of degree recipients in biological and agricultural sciences (30.5%) and physical and earth sciences (40.8%) were awarded doctoral degrees, more than nine out of ten degree recipients in business (93.7%) and public administration and services (93.2%) were awarded master's degrees. Of the broad fields in this report, education (33.7%), business (14.4%), and health sciences (13.9%) had large shares of certificates awarded by institutions participating in this survey during 2016-17 (Table B.22).

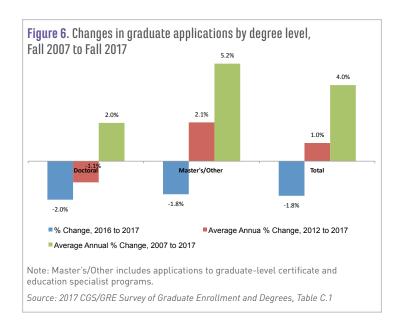
Academic year 2016-17 marked the eighth consecutive year in which women earned the majority of degrees awarded at the doctoral level. Women earned 64.0% of graduate certificates awarded in 2016-17, 57.3% of master's degrees, and 53.0% of doctorates. However, in many STEM fields, men still earned the majority of graduate degrees and certificates. Men earned about three fourths of master's degrees (74.6%) and doctoral degrees (76.6%) in engineering. Similarly, 66.8% of master's degrees and 74.9% of doctoral degrees in mathematics and computer sciences were earned by men (Tables B.23, B.24, and B.25).

Trends in Graduate Applications, Enrollment, and Degrees: 2007 to 2017

Institutions responding to the CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees reported a decrease in applications for admission for the first time since academic year 2003 to 2004. First-time graduate enrollment flattened (-0.1%) between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017. This section presents one-year comparisons; five- and ten-year average annual changes; and selected trends in graduate applications, first-time and total enrollment, and degrees conferred from universities that reported at all time periods. The findings are presented by broad field, degree level, institution type, 2015 Carnegie Classification, attendance status, gender, race/ethnicity, and citizenship status.

TRENDS IN GRADUATE APPLICATIONS

Between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017, applications for admission to U.S. graduate schools decreased 1.8% at the institutions that responded to the CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees in both 2016 and 2017. Public institution application counts decreased 3.7%, while private, not-for-profit applications increased 1.4%. In terms of the Fall 2017 application totals, public institutions (1,328,190) still far surpass their private, not-forprofit counterparts (843,163). Although there was a one-year decrease in graduate applications for Fall 2017 (-1.8%), the five-year average annual change remained positive (1.0%). Between Fall 2007 and Fall 2017, graduate applications grew at an average annual rate of 4.0%. The number of applications for admission to graduate school also decreased across highest research doctoral universities (-0.1%) and higher research doctoral universities (-3.8%) between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017. Moreover, moderate research doctoral universities and master's colleges and universities reported a larger decrease in applications between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 (-9.1% and -4.9%, respectively) (Tables B.1, C.1, and Figure 6).



By broad field of study, the largest one-year increases in graduate applications occurred in the broad fields of business (4.5%), public administration and services (1.9%), education (1.8%), mathematics and computer sciences (1.7%). Graduate applications decreased over the one-year period in engineering (-7.3%), arts and humanities (-1.8%), physical and earth sciences (-0.6%), and biological and agricultural sciences (-0.4%) (Table C.2). While the decline of graduate applications in arts and humanities appears to follow the trend from the last five years, the decline in engineering appears to be a deviation from the five-year average annual rate of change (1.0%) and ten-year average annual rate of change (5.6%). Similarly, one-year rates of change in application counts shifted drastically between Fall 2015/16 and Fall 2016/17 for mathematics and computer sciences (5.5% and 1.7%), physical and earth sciences (5.0% and -0.6%), and health sciences (2.8% and 0.6%).

Applications for admission decreased for both doctoral programs (-2.0%) and master's/other programs (-1.8%) between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017. The five-year average annual rate of change in

master's applications between Fall 2012 and Fall 2017 was 2.1%, while there was a decrease at the doctoral level (-1.1%). At the doctoral level, mathematics and computer sciences (8.3%) had the largest one-year increase of all broad fields of study. This was a much higher rate of increase compared to the five-year average annual rate of change (2.0%). Health sciences had the largest one-year decrease at the doctoral level (-3.6%). At the master's/other level, business (4.2%) reported the highest one-year percentage. For more detailed information about trends in graduate applications, see Tables C.1 to C.3.

TRENDS IN FIRST-TIME GRADUATE ENROLLMENT

First-time graduate enrollment flattened (-0.1%) between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 at the institutions that responded to both the 2016 and 2017 CGS/GRE Surveys of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees. This marks the first decline in first-time graduate enrollment growth rates since academic year 2011 to 2012. Despite the overall rate of growth slowing, first-time graduate enrollment rose 3.0% at doctoral universities with highest research activity. However, declines in first-time graduate enrollment were notable at other types of institutions, with a 4.2% decline at doctoral universities with higher research activity, 7.1% decline at doctoral universities with moderate research activity, and 1.7% decline at other universities² over the oneyear period (Table C.4).

First-time graduate enrollment of international students decreased 3.7% between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017. It is the second decrease since 2003, though the five-year average annual increase (4.7%) and ten-year average annual increase (5.6%) rates remain high. By contrast, first-time graduate enrollment reported a 1.1% increase among U.S. citizens and permanent residents between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017; though lower than last year (3.2%), it's still a healthy increase. Recent increases in the first-time enrollment of U.S. citizens and permanent resident graduate students are promising even as the five-year average (1.6%) and ten-year average (1.9%) annual increase rates remain low (Table C.5).

Between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017, first-time enrollment increased 5.6% among Hispanic/Latinos, 2.2% among Black/African Americans, and 4.5% among Asian/Pacific Islanders. However, there was an alarming 6.5% decrease among American Indian/Alaska Natives. Similarly, for year-over-year changes over the last ten years between Fall 2007 and Fall 2017, first-time graduate enrollment increased 8.1% among Hispanic/Latinos, 3.3% among Black/African Americans, and 4.6% among Asian/Pacific Islanders, while it declined 1.9% among American Indian/Alaska Natives (Table C.5).

While women saw a 0.4% increase in first-time graduate enrollment between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017, men's first-time enrollment decreased by 0.9%. This drop of men's first-time enrollment may be due to the decline in first-time international graduate students. Among international students, first-time graduate enrollment decreased 4.8% for men and decreased 2.8% for women between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017. By contrast, among U.S. citizens and permanent residents, there was a 1.2% increase in first-time enrollment among men between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017, compared with a 1.0% increase among women (Table C.6).

Of the broad fields of study, mathematics and computer sciences (3.8%), followed by business, reported the largest one-year gain in first-time graduate enrollment between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017. Business (3.7%) reported the second largest gain in first-time graduate enrollment between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017. However, engineering fields reported a decrease in first-time graduate enrollment. The one-year change in first-time graduate enrollment in engineering was -3.8%, compared to -0.9% between Fall 2015 and Fall 2016. The first-time graduate enrollment in arts and humanities decreased by 2.3% between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 (Table C.7). In the decade spanning 2007 to 2017, increases in first-time enrollments have been particularly strong in the fields of mathematics and computer sciences, health sciences, and engineering (Figure 7).

² The "other universities" category includes baccalaureate institutions awarding fewer than 50 master's degrees or 20 doctorates per year, as well as institutions awarding graduate degrees where a high concentration of degrees is in a single field or set of related fields (For more details, see Appendix A).

Among U.S. citizens and permanent residents, increases in first-time graduate enrollment were greater for Hispanic/Latinos (5.6%) than Black/African Americans (2.2%), and Asian/Pacific Islanders (4.5%) between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 (Table C.10). However, American Indian/Alaska Natives and Whites have experienced decreases in first-time enrollment (-6.5% and -0.2%, respectively) during this period. For more detailed information about changes and trends in first-time graduate enrollment, see Tables C.4 through C.13.

TRENDS IN TOTAL GRADUATE ENROLLMENT

Total graduate enrollment also flattened (-0.5%) between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 at the institutions responding to the CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees for both 2016 and 2017 (Table C.14). Over the one-year period, total graduate enrollment increased 0.5% at public institutions; while the total graduate enrollment declined 0.1% at private, not-for-profit institutions. Though the rates of growth have declined over the one-year period, total graduate enrollment had 0.2% increase over the last five years between Fall 2012 and Fall 2017, and 0.8% increased during the ten-year period between Fall 2007 and Fall 2017.

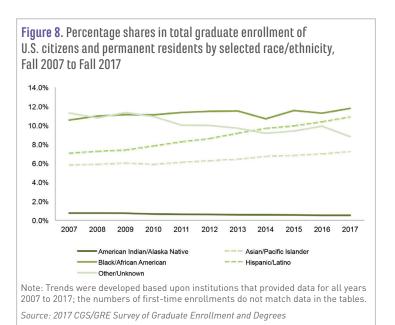
Between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017, the total graduate enrollment increased by 1.2% for U.S. citizens and permanent residents and decreased by 2.4% for international students. Total enrollment reflects the trends of multiple preceding years (Table C.15). Total enrollment decreased by 1.5% among men, while increased 0.2% among women between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 (Table C.16). Between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017, total enrollment increased 5.3% among Hispanic/Latinos, 3.6% among Asian/Pacific Islanders, and 3.0% for Black/African Americans. During the same period, total enrollment declined 0.3% for American Indian/Alaskan Natives, and 0.1% for Whites (Table C.20). Despite growth in the past decade, the overall share of underrepresented minorities in total graduate enrollment among U.S. permanent residents remains citizens and disproportionately low. While the representation of Hispanic/Latino graduate students grew, the relative shares of Black/African American students were much slower to grow (Figure 8).

Figure 7. Trends in first-time graduate enrollment by field of study,
Fall 2007 to Fall 2017

Business
Health Sciences
Education
Engineering
Math & Computer Sci.
Social & Behavioral Sci.
Other Fields
Public Admin & Svcs
Arts & Humanities
Biological & Ag. Sci.
Physical & Earth Sci.

Note: Trends were developed based upon institutions that provided data for all years 2007 to 2017; therefore, the numbers of first-time enrollments do not match data in the tables.

Source: 2017 CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

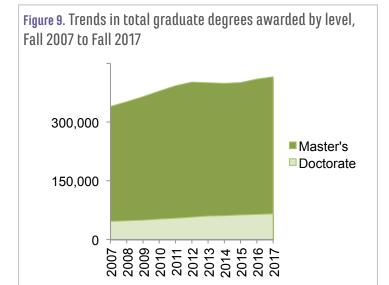


The largest one-year change in total graduate enrollment by broad field of study between Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 was health sciences (2.5%). There was also small growth in "other fields" (1.9%) and business (1.0%). While these three fields reported the largest one-year increases, the broad fields of arts and humanities, education, and engineering experienced decreases in total enrollment between 2016 and 2017 (-2.5%, -2.3%, and -1.7%, respectively). The fields of education (-1.9%), arts and humanities (-1.7%), and "other fields" (-0.9%) reported the largest declines in total enrollment over the ten-year period between 2007

and 2017. More detailed information about changes and trends in total graduate enrollment can be found in Tables C.14 through C.23.

TRENDS IN GRADUATE CERTIFICATES AND DEGREES

The number of doctoral degrees awarded increased 1.7% and the number of master's degrees awarded increased 4.6% between 2015-16 and 2016-17 at institutions responding to the 2017 CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees. In the five-years spanning 2012 to 2017, the average annual change in the number of graduate certificates awarded was 2.3%. Over the same period, doctoral degree production (3.1%) was higher than that of master's degree production (1.3%) (Table C.24). Since more master's degrees are awarded than doctoral degrees, the total number of master's degrees earned continues to far exceed the number of doctoral degrees conferred (Figure 9).



Note: Trends were developed based upon institutions that provided data for all years 2007 to 2017; therefore, the numbers of total degrees awarded do not match data in the tables.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Growth in doctoral degree production was stronger between Fall 2012 and Fall 2017 (3.1%) and over the ten-year period between Fall 2007 and Fall 2017 (4.4%), than growth in master's degree and graduate certificates. The larger five- and ten-year annual percentage changes of doctoral degree production was partly because the base rates of doctoral degrees awarded were lower. Over the one-year period between 2015-16 and 2016-17, doctoral

degree production increased 1.2% at public institutions and 3.2% at private, not-for-profit institutions. In the decade spanning 2006-07 to 2016-17, doctoral degree production increased 4.3% at public institutions and 4.2% at private, not-for-profit institutions (Table C.24).

There was a 4.6% increase in master's degree production between 2015-16 and 2016-17, a 1.3% average annual increase between 2011-12 and 2016-17, and a 2.7% average annual increase between 2006-07 and 2016-17. The average annual percent change for master's degree production at public and private, not-for-profit institutions increased between the five- and ten-year intervals (Table C.24).

The 4.6% increase in degree production at the master's level between 2015-16 and 2016-17 included increases in eight broad fields of study and decreases in three others. The largest one-year increases in master's degree production were in mathematics and computer sciences (13.6%), health sciences (4.7%), and "other fields" (4.7%), while biological and agricultural sciences reported the largest declines in master's degree production (-6.4%) (Table C.29).

At the doctoral level, degree production decreased in 7 of 11 broad fields of study between 2015-16 and 2016-17, with one-year changes ranging from a -0.7% (physical and earth sciences) to a low of -8.7% ("other fields"). There was an increase in doctoral production in public administration and services (10.6%), health sciences (5.5%), education (5.2%), and social and behavioral sciences (0.2%) (Table C.30). Additional information regarding changes and trends in graduate certificates and degrees awarded can be found in Tables C.24 through C.30.

APPENDIX A Definitions

The CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees collects data on four aspects of graduate education:

Applications—Includes the number of completed applications for admission to U.S. graduate schools for the Fall term, the number of those applications accepted for admission, and the number of applications not accepted. Data are collected by fine field and degree level (master's and 'other' vs. doctoral). The applications data exclude individuals who applied as transfers or for readmission at the same institution.

First-Time Enrollment—Includes the number of students enrolled for the first time in graduate certificate, education specialist, master's, or doctoral programs for the Fall term. Data are collected by fine field, degree level (master's and 'other' vs. doctoral), gender, race/ethnicity, citizenship, and enrollment status (full-time/part-time).

Total Enrollment—Includes the total number of students enrolled (first-time and continuing students) in graduate certificate, education specialist, master's, or doctoral programs for the Fall term. Data are collected by fine field, degree level (master's and 'other' vs. doctoral), gender, race/ethnicity, citizenship, and enrollment status (full-time/part-time).

Degrees—Includes the number of master's and doctoral degrees and post-baccalaureate and post-master's certificates awarded in the U.S. in a given academic year (July 1 through June 30). Degree data are collected by fine field, degree level (graduate certificate, master's, and doctoral), and gender. The survey does not collect degree data by race/ethnicity or citizenship.

For both first-time and total enrollment, master's and 'other' enrollment is defined as the number of

students enrolled in programs specifically leading to the master's degree and other non-doctoral programs, such as graduate certificate programs and education specialist programs. Graduate certificates are awards that require the completion of an organized program of study generally equivalent to 15-18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's degree. Education specialist programs are generally equivalent to 30-45 credit hours beyond the master's degree. Doctoral enrollment is defined as the number of students enrolled in programs leading directly to the doctoral degree as well as the total number of students enrolled in doctoral programs where a master's degree is earned en route to the doctoral degree.

Full-time enrollment includes students enrolled for credit in graduate degree programs who are engaged full time in training activities in their field; these activities may include any appropriate combination of study, teaching, and research, depending on the responding institution's own policy. Part-time enrollment includes students enrolled in graduate degree programs who are not pursuing graduate work full-time as defined above.

The survey collects the total data for each institution for the categories and variables listed above, as well as data for up to 51 individual fields of study. This report groups the data from the 51 fine fields of study into 11 broad fields. A special online report, Graduate Enrollment and Degrees by Fine Field, presents the fine field data for first-time enrollment, total enrollment, and degrees awarded and is available exclusively to CGS member institutions at www.cgsnet.org.

The survey excludes students applying to, enrolled in, or graduating from the following comprehensive list of first-professional programs: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.), Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.), Law (LL.B., J.D.), Medicine (M.D.), Optometry (O.D.), Osteopathic Medicine (D.O.), Pharmacy (Pharm.D.),

Podiatry (D.P.M., D.P., or Pod.D.), Theology (M.Div., M.H.L., B.D., or Ordination), and Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.). Data for all other graduate-level programs are collected, including programs in other professional fields such as health sciences and business.

The racial/ethnic data included in this report are collected from institutional records based on graduate students' self-reports. Accordingly, the number of students in any given racial/ethnic category is subject to individual interpretation on the part of students as they complete registration forms. The citizenship and race/ethnicity categories are defined as follows:

International Student (Temporary Resident/Non-Resident Alien)—A person who is not a citizen, national, or permanent resident of the U.S., and who is in the country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

Hispanic/Latino—A U.S. citizen or permanent resident of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

American Indian/Alaska Native—A U.S. citizen or permanent resident having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Asian—A U.S. citizen or permanent resident having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippines, South Korea, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Black/African American—A U.S. citizen or permanent resident having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander—A U.S. citizen, permanent resident, or national having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific islands.

White—A U.S. citizen or permanent resident having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

Two or More Races—A U.S. citizen or permanent resident having origins in any two or more of the following race categories: American Indian/Alaska Native, Asian, Black/African American, Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander, or White.

Race/Ethnicity Unknown—Includes U.S. citizens and permanent residents whose race/ethnicity is not known.

Citizenship Unknown—Includes individuals whose citizenship is not known.

Two significant changes to the race/ethnicity categories occurred starting with the 2010 data collection cycle. The first change divided the previous Asian/Pacific Islander category into two separate categories: Asian and Native Hawaiian/ Other Pacific Islander. The second change split the previous Other/Unknown category into three separate categories: Two or More Races, Race/ Ethnicity Unknown, and Citizenship Unknown. The findings regarding the current academic year are based on the new race/ethnicity categories. Readers of this report should not directly compare the figures in this report to those that appeared in editions of this report issued prior to 2010. Findings regarding changes and trends are aggregated to correspond with the earlier definitions of Asian/ Pacific Islander and Other/Unknown, to permit a comparable examination.

In some sections of this report, data are presented by Carnegie Classification based on the 2015 Carnegie Classification of Institutions of Higher Education, using the "basic" classification. The 33 "basic" classification categories are aggregated to five categories in this report as follows:

Doctoral Universities (highest research activity)—Universities with highest research activity that award at least 20 doctorates per year.

Doctoral Universities (higher research activity)—Universities with higher research activity that award at least 20 doctorates per year.

Doctoral Universities (moderate research activity) —Universities with moderate research activity that award at least 20 doctorates per year.

Master's Colleges and Universities—Institutions that award at least 50 master's degrees and fewer than 20 doctorates per year.

Other—Includes baccalaureate institutions awarding fewer than 50 master's degrees or 20 doctorates per year, as well as institutions awarding graduate degrees where a high concentration of degrees is in a single field or set of related fields (e.g., theological seminaries, medical schools, health profession schools, schools of engineering, etc.).

Since the institutions responding to the survey differ slightly from year-to-year, the trend data are limited to only those institutions that responded to the CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees in those years being compared.

One-year Comparisons—One-year comparisons, which are reported as percentages, are based on data collected from only those institutions that responded to both the 2016 and 2017 surveys.

Five-year Average Annual Changes—Five-year average annual changes, which are reported as percentages, are based on data collected from only those institutions that responded to both the 2012 and 2017 surveys.

Ten-year Average Annual Changes—Ten-year average annual changes, which are reported as percentages, are based on data collected from only those institutions that responded to both the 2007 and 2017 surveys.

Trend Lines—Trend lines were constructed using data collected from only those institutions that responded to all surveys 2007 through 2017.

OTHER NOTES

In some cases, survey respondents were unable to provide data for one or more categories or variables. Thus, not all tables and figures in this report include data from all 619 institutions that responded to the 2017 CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees. Data were not imputed for missing fields or for non-responding institutions.

Due to the small numbers of for-profit institutions providing data on graduate applications and first-time graduate enrollment, their data are suppressed from this report. The total graduate enrollment and graduate certificates and degrees awarded for for-profit institutions are reported in this report; however, given the small number of institutions participating in this survey, the data may not be representative of all for-profit institutions in the U.S.

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APPENDIX B

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Table B.1: Applications for Admission to Graduate School by Institution Type, Carnegie Classification, and Degree Level, Fall 2017

		Doctoral			ster's/Other	*	Total		
Carnegie Classification and Institution Type **	Total	Accepted Applications		Total	Accepted Applications		Total	Acce Applica	
Total	655,867	149,621	22.8%	1,522,536	765,017	50.2%	2,181,649	916,569	42.0%
Public	393,957	100,458	25.5%	933,203	474,250	50.8%	1,328,190	575,437	43.3%
Private, not-for-profit	257,241	46,859	18.2%	583,706	287,060	49.2%	843,163	335,121	39.7%
Private, for-profit	S	S		S	S		S	S	
Doctoral: Highest Research	512,829	103,602	20.2%	873,824	377,104	43.2%	1,386,653	480,706	34.7%
Public	324,823	76,542	23.6%	566,071	253,055	44.7%	890,894	329,597	37.0%
Private, not-for-profit	188,006	27,060	14.4%	307,753	124,049	40.3%	495,759	151,109	30.5%
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	
Doctoral: Higher Research	78,597	23,045	29.3%	226,211	135,021	59.7%	304,808	158,066	51.9%
Public	41,205	14,863	36.1%	142,138	84,415	59.4%	183,343	99,278	54.1%
Private, not-for-profit	37,392	8,182	21.9%	84,073	50,606	60.2%	121,465	58,788	48.4%
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	
Doctoral: Moderate Research	19,008	9,125	48.0%	121,679	75,519	62.1%	140,687	84,644	60.2%
Public	6,718	3,085	45.9%	55,140	34,898	63.3%	61,858	37,983	61.4%
Private, not-for-profit	9,852	4,275	43.4%	64,143	38,493	60.0%	73,995	42,768	57.8%
Private, for-profit	S	S		S	S		S	S	
Master's Colleges and Universities	25,137	8,774	34.9%	250,602	157,333	62.8%	278,912	168,019	60.2%
Public	10,344	3,977	38.4%	153,966	96,443	62.6%	165,340	101,149	61.2%
Private, not-for-profit	14,793	4,797	32.4%	96,636	60,890	63.0%	113,572	66,870	58.9%
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	
Other	20,296	5,075	25.0%	50,220	20,040	39.9%	70,589	25,134	35.6%
Public	10,867	1,991	18.3%	15,888	5,439	34.2%	26,755	7,430	27.8%
Private, not-for-profit	7,198	2,545	35.4%	31,101	13,022	41.9%	38,372	15,586	40.6%
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	

^{*} Includes applications to graduate-level certificate and education specialist programs.

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. N/A = Not applicable. S = Suppressed due to small number of institutional respondents in this category.

^{**} See page 20-21 for information about the Carnegie Classification system.

Table B.2: Applications for Admission to Graduate School by Broad Field and Degree Level, Fall 2017

	Doctoral			Ma	ster's/Other	*	Total		
Broad Field	Total	Accepted Applications		Total	Accepted Applications		Total	Accepted Applications	
Total	655,867	149,621	22.8%	1,522,536	765,017	50.2%	2,181,649	916,569	42.0%
Arts and Humanities	56,652	11,087	19.6%	95,254	39,376	41.3%	151,906	50,504	33.2%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	77,126	15,900	20.6%	53,293	26,221	49.2%	130,539	42,179	32.3%
Business	24,065	3,459	14.4%	265,048	132,644	50.0%	289,183	136,234	47.1%
Education	27,048	11,970	44.3%	131,090	93,829	71.6%	158,239	106,122	67.1%
Engineering	100,841	25,037	24.8%	202,239	89,010	44.0%	303,209	114,110	37.6%
Health Sciences	80,682	18,663	23.1%	192,560	80,270	41.7%	280,844	100,353	35.7%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	54,512	11,903	21.8%	193,295	71,063	36.8%	247,851	83,007	33.5%
Physical and Earth Sciences	69,051	17,146	24.8%	18,134	8,074	44.5%	87,276	25,252	28.9%
Public Administration and Services	3,780	1,094	28.9%	67,552	43,850	64.9%	71,760	45,544	63.5%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	122,638	18,760	15.3%	90,280	53,883	59.7%	213,141	72,854	34.2%
Other Fields	18,076	4,860	26.9%	103,453	60,321	58.3%	121,529	65,258	53.7%

^{*} Includes applications to graduate-level certificate and education specialist programs.

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Table B.3: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Institution Type, Carnegie Classification, Gender, and Attendance Status, Fall 2017

Carnegie Classification and Institution Type *			nen	en Full-Time		Part-Time			
Total	524,497	212,777	41.6%	299,081	58.4%	354,036	67.5%	170,339	32.5%
Public	323,901	136,742	42.7%	183,473	57.3%	215,175	66.4%	108,726	33.6%
Private, not-for-profit	178,807	72,602	40.6%	106,063	59.4%	127,888	71.6%	50,797	28.4%
Private, for-profit	S	S		S		S		S	
Doctoral: Highest Research	245,877	114,709	47.4%	127,482	52.6%	191,292	77.8%	54,585	22.2%
Public	171,987	79,759	47.4%	88,542	52.6%	129,937	75.6%	42,050	24.4%
Private, not-for-profit	73,890	34,950	47.3%	38,940	52.7%	61,355	83.0%	12,535	17.0%
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	
Doctoral: Higher Research	83,592	34,824	41.7%	48,768	58.3%	54,962	65.8%	28,630	34.2%
Public	57,471	23,806	41.4%	33,665	58.6%	36,524	63.6%	20,947	36.4%
Private, not-for-profit	26,121	11,018	42.2%	15,103	57.8%	18,438	70.6%	7,683	29.4%
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	
Doctoral: Moderate Research	67,041	19,522	33.5%	38,708	66.5%	36,744	54.8%	30,297	45.2%
Public	22,751	8,193	36.0%	14,558	64.0%	11,856	52.1%	10,895	47.9%
Private, not-for-profit	25,074	8,870	35.4%	16,204	64.6%	16,088	64.2%	8,986	35.8%
Private, for-profit	S	S		S		S		S	
Master's Colleges and Universities	111,835	37,863	33.9%	73,850	66.1%	59,490	53.3%	52,223	46.7%
Public	66,233	23,081	34.8%	43,152	65.2%	32,946	49.7%	33,287	50.3%
Private, not-for-profit	45,602	14,782	32.5%	30,698	67.5%	26,544	58.4%	18,936	41.6%
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	
Other	16,152	5,859	36.3%	10,273	63.7%	11,548	71.5%	4,604	28.5%
Public	5,459	1,903	34.9%	3,556	65.1%	3,912	71.7%	1,547	28.3%
Private, not-for-profit	8,120	2,982	36.8%	5,118	63.2%	5,463	67.3%	2,657	32.7%
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	

^{*} See page 20-21 for information about the Carnegie Classification system.

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known gender or attendance status. N/A = Not applicable. S = Suppressed due to small number of institutional respondents in this category.

Table B.4: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field, Gender, and Attendance Status, Fall 2017

Broad Field	Total Men		Women		Full-Time		Part-Time		
Total	524,497	212,777	41.6%	299,081	58.4%	354,036	67.5%	170,339	32.5%
Arts and Humanities	26,284	10,911	41.6%	15,303	58.4%	21,368	81.3%	4,916	18.7%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	23,775	10,135	43.2%	13,301	56.8%	20,408	85.8%	3,367	14.2%
Business	86,877	45,673	54.3%	38,411	45.7%	56,313	64.8%	30,564	35.2%
Education	79,115	18,687	24.7%	56,966	75.3%	36,966	46.8%	42,045	53.2%
Engineering	45,014	32,947	73.5%	11,907	26.5%	37,084	82.4%	7,930	17.6%
Health Sciences	66,346	14,562	21.9%	51,784	78.1%	45,068	67.9%	21,278	32.1%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	36,285	23,791	66.3%	12,104	33.7%	26,766	73.8%	9,519	26.2%
Physical and Earth Sciences	12,217	7,199	59.2%	4,964	40.8%	10,893	89.2%	1,324	10.8%
Public Administration and Services	29,400	6,276	21.4%	22,984	78.6%	20,390	69.4%	9,010	30.6%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	40,549	13,827	35.9%	24,676	64.1%	30,624	75.5%	9,925	24.5%
Other Fields	37,039	14,124	38.3%	22,706	61.7%	24,093	65.0%	12,946	35.0%

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known gender or attendance status. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table B.5: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Gender, Attendance Status, and Broad Field, Fall 2017

		Me	en		Women			
Broad Field	Full-Time		Part-Time		Full-Time		Part-Time	
Total	152,057	71.5%	60,720	28.5%	195,300	65.3%	103,781	34.7%
Arts and Humanities	9,060	83.0%	1,851	17.0%	12,249	80.0%	3,054	20.0%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	8,710	85.9%	1,425	14.1%	11,362	85.4%	1,939	14.6%
Business	30,595	67.0%	15,078	33.0%	24,703	64.3%	13,708	35.7%
Education	9,170	49.1%	9,501	50.9%	26,325	46.3%	30,545	53.7%
Engineering	26,914	81.7%	6,033	18.3%	10,011	84.1%	1,896	15.9%
Health Sciences	10,666	73.2%	3,896	26.8%	34,402	66.4%	17,382	33.6%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	17,137	72.0%	6,654	28.0%	9,406	77.7%	2,698	22.3%
Physical and Earth Sciences	6,477	90.0%	722	10.0%	4,363	87.9%	601	12.1%
Public Administration and Services	4,113	65.5%	2,163	34.5%	16,227	70.6%	6,757	29.4%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	10,806	78.2%	3,019	21.8%	19,263	78.1%	5,413	21.9%
Other Fields	9,462	67.0%	4,662	33.0%	14,554	64.1%	8,152	35.9%

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known attendance status. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Table B.6: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field and Degree Level, Fall 2017

Broad Field	Total	Doctoral		Master's	s/Other *	
Total	524,497	87,603	16.6%	440,123	83.4%	
Arts and Humanities	26,284	5,484	20.9%	20,804	79.1%	
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	23,775	8,364	35.2%	15,411	64.8%	
Business	86,877	4,359	5.0%	82,545	95.0%	
Education	79,115	11,117	14.0%	68,285	86.0%	
Engineering	45,014	10,391	22.9%	34,956	77.1%	
Health Sciences	66,346	13,579	20.5%	52,723	79.5%	
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	36,285	5,063	14.0%	31,222	86.0%	
Physical and Earth Sciences	12,217	7,335	60.0%	4,885	40.0%	
Public Administration and Services	29,400	996	3.4%	28,404	96.6%	
Social and Behavioral Sciences	40,549	11,955	29.5%	28,614	70.5%	
Other Fields	37,039	2,785	7.5%	34,254	92.5%	

^{*} Includes first-time enrollment in graduate-level certificate and education specialist programs.

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known degree levels. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table B.7: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Degree Level, Gender, and Broad Field, Fall 2017

		Doct	oral		Master's/Other *			
Broad Field	Men		Women		Мє	Men		nen
Total	37,443	46.5%	43,101	53.5%	177,447	40.8%	257,096	59.2%
Arts and Humanities	2,515	46.0%	2,951	54.0%	8,388	40.5%	12,340	59.5%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	3,747	45.8%	4,434	54.2%	6,388	41.9%	8,867	58.1%
Business	1,344	54.3%	1,130	45.7%	44,319	54.3%	37,291	45.7%
Education	2,684	31.4%	5,865	68.6%	16,042	23.9%	51,213	76.1%
Engineering	7,516	72.7%	2,820	27.3%	25,678	73.7%	9,173	26.3%
Health Sciences	3,857	28.4%	9,722	71.6%	10,700	20.3%	42,023	79.7%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	3,486	72.2%	1,343	27.8%	20,302	65.4%	10,761	34.6%
Physical and Earth Sciences	4,587	63.0%	2,699	37.0%	2,615	53.6%	2,265	46.4%
Public Administration and Services	294	32.6%	607	67.4%	5,966	21.1%	22,310	78.9%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	4,092	37.2%	6,920	62.8%	9,723	35.4%	17,745	64.6%
Other Fields	1,212	46.2%	1,411	53.8%	12,912	37.7%	21,295	62.3%

^{*} Includes first-time enrollment in graduate-level certificate and education specialist programs.

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known gender. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Table B.8: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Institution Type, Carnegie Classification, and Citizenship, Fall 2017

Institution Type and Carnegie Classification *	Total	U.S. Citiz Permanent		Temporary Residents		
Total	524,497	414,483	79.7%	105,821	20.3%	
Institution Type						
Public	323,901	261,878	81.0%	61,322	19.0%	
Private, not-for-profit	178,807	137,325	75.8%	43,736	24.2%	
Private, for-profit	S	S		S		
Carnegie Classification *						
Doctoral: Highest Research	245,877	174,697	70.1%	74,428	29.9%	
Doctoral: Higher Research	83,592	68,545	82.0%	15,027	18.0%	
Doctoral: Moderate Research	67,041	55,222	90.2%	6,029	9.8%	
Master's Colleges and Universities	111,835	102,308	92.8%	7,983	7.2%	
Other	16,152	13,711	85.3%	2,354	14.7%	

^{*} See page 20-21 for information about the Carnegie Classification system.

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known citizenship. S = Suppressed due to a small number of institutional respondents in this category.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table B.9: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field and Citizenship, Fall 2017

Broad Field	Total	U.S. Citiz Permanent		Temporary Residents		
Total	524,497	414,483	79.7%	105,821	20.3%	
Arts and Humanities	26,284	21,497	81.9%	4,749	18.1%	
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	23,775	19,106	80.5%	4,621	19.5%	
Business	86,877	66,735	78.8%	17,915	21.2%	
Education	79,115	73,736	96.1%	3,019	3.9%	
Engineering	45,014	21,333	47.1%	23,927	52.9%	
Health Sciences	66,346	62,747	94.9%	3,340	5.1%	
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	36,285	15,730	43.7%	20,304	56.3%	
Physical and Earth Sciences	12,217	8,519	69.9%	3,670	30.1%	
Public Administration and Services	29,400	28,011	96.0%	1,180	4.0%	
Social and Behavioral Sciences	40,549	32,934	83.7%	6,409	16.3%	
Other Fields	37,039	29,999	81.4%	6,874	18.6%	

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known citizenship. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Table B.10: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Citizenship, Race/Ethnicity, and Gender, Fall 2017

Citizenship and Race/Ethnicity	Total	Me	n	Women		
Total	524,497	212,777	41.6%	299,081	58.4%	
U.S. Citizens and Permanent Residents	414,483	155,633	38.1%	252,655	61.9%	
Hispanic/Latino	47,079	17,048	36.6%	29,521	63.4%	
Non-Hispanic:						
American Indian/Alaska Native	1,891	615	33.4%	1,225	66.6%	
Asian	30,475	13,286	44.5%	16,569	55.5%	
Black/African American	49,482	14,972	31.1%	33,126	68.9%	
Native Hawaiian/ Other Pacific Islander	687	249	37.5%	415	62.5%	
White	249,629	96,169	39.0%	150,730	61.0%	
Two or More Races	12,523	4,592	37.1%	7,776	62.9%	
Race/Ethnicity Unknown	23,900	9,038	39.0%	14,140	61.0%	
Temporary Residents	105,821	58,143	55.8%	45,978	44.2%	
Citizenship Unknown	6,282	516	46.9%	584	53.1%	

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known gender within each citizenship and race/ethnicity category. See page 20 for a description of each citizenship and race/ethnicity category.

Table B.11: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field and Race/Ethnicity, Fall 2017 (U.S. Citizens and Permanent Residents Only)

Broad Field	Hispanic	Hispanic/Latino		American Indian/ Alaska Native		Asian		Black/ African American	
Total	47,079	11.3%	1,891	0.5%	30,475	7.3%	49,482	11.9%	
Arts and Humanities	2,581	12.0%	89	0.4%	1,073	5.0%	1,401	6.5%	
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	1,939	10.1%	72	0.4%	2,104	11.0%	1,414	7.4%	
Business	6,749	10.1%	227	0.3%	6,169	9.2%	8,471	12.7%	
Education	9,204	12.4%	393	0.5%	2,761	3.7%	9,481	12.8%	
Engineering	2,280	10.7%	53	0.2%	3,027	14.2%	1,216	5.7%	
Health Sciences	5,463	8.7%	302	0.5%	5,235	8.3%	7,087	11.3%	
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	1,427	9.1%	29	0.2%	2,660	16.9%	1,587	10.1%	
Physical and Earth Sciences	817	9.6%	30	0.4%	555	6.5%	313	3.7%	
Public Administration and Services	4,280	15.3%	214	0.8%	966	3.4%	5,283	18.8%	
Social and Behavioral Sciences	4,525	13.7%	197	0.6%	1,806	5.5%	4,320	13.1%	
Other Fields	3,664	12.2%	208	0.7%	1,604	5.3%	3,567	11.9%	
Broad Field	Native Hawaiian/ Other Pacific Islander		White		Two or More Races		Race/ Ethnicity Unknown		
Total	687	0.2%	249,629	60.1%	12,523	3.0%	23,900	5.7%	
Arts and Humanities	27	0.1%	14,339	66.7%	849	3.9%	1,138	5.3%	
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	21	0.1%	12,058	63.1%	727	3.8%	774	4.1%	
Business	176	0.3%	39,292	58.8%	1,775	2.7%	4,001	6.0%	
Education	130	0.2%	46,604	62.7%	1,883	2.5%	3,903	5.2%	
Engineering	22	0.1%	13,020	61.0%	783	3.7%	932	4.4%	
Health Sciences	122	0.2%	38,973	62.0%	1,785	2.8%	3,867	6.2%	
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	25	0.2%	8,555	54.4%	546	3.5%	901	5.7%	
Physical and Earth Sciences	10	0.1%	6,105	71.7%	297	3.5%	392	4.6%	
Public Administration and Services	61	0.2%	15,088	53.8%	844	3.0%	1,320	4.7%	
Social and Behavioral Sciences	58	0.2%	18,862	57.2%	1,301	3.9%	1,934	5.9%	
Other Fields	59	0.2%	18,145	60.5%	946	3.2%	1,806	6.0%	

Notes: This table only includes U.S. citizens and permanent residents. See Table 2.9 for first-time enrollment by broad field for temporary residents. Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known race/ethnicity. See page 20 for a description of each race/ethnicity category. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Table B.12: Total Graduate Enrollment by Institution Type, Carnegie Classification, Gender, and Attendance Status, Fall 2017

Carnegie Classification and Institution Type *	Total Men Women		l Men Women Full-Time		Men Women Full-Time		Men Women		Women		Women Full-Time		Part-Time	
Total	1,840,435	764,981	42.1%	1,050,901	57.9%	1,057,432	57.5%	782,324	42.5%					
Public	1,127,718	481,406	43.1%	634,461	56.9%	640,759	56.8%	486,959	43.2%					
Private, not-for-profit	587,399	241,220	41.2%	344,189	58.8%	358,503	61.1%	228,217	38.9%					
Private, for-profit	92,718	31,062	37.9%	50,944	62.1%	32,389	34.9%	60,329	65.1%					
Doctoral: Highest Research	809,830	389,190	48.8%	408,789	51.2%	569,932	70.4%	239,898	29.6%					
Public	584,216	276,593	48.3%	295,772	51.7%	397,094	68.0%	187,122	32.0%					
Private, not-for-profit	225,614	112,597	49.9%	113,017	50.1%	172,838	76.6%	52,776	23.4%					
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A						
Doctoral: Higher Research	295,113	123,695	41.9%	171,418	58.1%	157,864	53.5%	137,249	46.5%					
Public	210,262	87,789	41.8%	122,473	58.2%	107,221	51.0%	103,041	49.0%					
Private, not-for-profit	84,851	35,906	42.3%	48,945	57.7%	50,643	59.7%	34,208	40.3%					
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A						
Doctoral: Moderate Research	232,057	71,136	32.1%	150,209	67.9%	110,761	47.7%	121,296	52.3%					
Public	83,428	28,993	34.8%	54,435	65.2%	34,066	40.8%	49,362	59.2%					
Private, not-for-profit	88,681	30,991	34.9%	57,690	65.1%	46,227	52.1%	42,454	47.9%					
Private, for-profit	59,948	11,152	22.7%	38,084	77.3%	30,468	50.8%	29,480	49.2%					
Master's Colleges and Universities	425,300	153,605	36.3%	269,750	63.7%	165,732	39.0%	258,889	61.0%					
Public	230,604	81,063	35.2%	149,541	64.8%	89,032	38.6%	141,572	61.4%					
Private, not-for-profit	162,569	52,837	32.9%	107,787	67.1%	75,364	46.6%	86,526	53.4%					
Private, for-profit	S	S		S		S		S						
Other	78,135	27,355	35.0%	50,735	65.0%	53,143	68.0%	24,992	32.0%					
Public	19,208	6,968	36.3%	12,240	63.7%	13,346	69.5%	5,862	30.5%					
Private, not-for-profit	25,684	8,889	34.7%	16,750	65.3%	13,431	52.3%	12,253	47.7%					
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A						

^{*} See page 20-21 for information about the Carnegie Classification system.

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known gender or attendance status. N/A = Not applicable. S = Suppressed due to small number of institutional respondents in this category.

Table B.13: Total Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field, Gender, and Attendance Status, Fall 2017

Broad Field	Total	Me	en	Women		men Full-Time		Full-Time Part-Ti	
Total	1,840,435	764,981	42.1%	1,050,901	57.9%	1,057,432	57.5%	782,324	42.5%
Arts and Humanities	100,584	43,969	43.8%	56,383	56.2%	69,562	69.2%	31,022	30.8%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	94,835	42,477	45.5%	50,965	54.5%	72,726	76.7%	22,109	23.3%
Business	265,325	140,503	54.2%	118,628	45.8%	129,831	49.4%	132,778	50.6%
Education	294,249	72,346	25.0%	216,464	75.0%	110,565	37.7%	182,777	62.3%
Engineering	160,822	119,770	74.8%	40,370	25.2%	115,381	71.7%	45,441	28.3%
Health Sciences	240,616	53,147	22.1%	186,889	77.9%	140,079	58.2%	100,537	41.8%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	115,598	77,555	67.9%	36,590	32.1%	72,053	62.7%	42,834	37.3%
Physical and Earth Sciences	54,708	33,897	62.3%	20,532	37.7%	46,072	84.2%	8,636	15.8%
Public Administration and Services	83,775	19,008	22.7%	64,579	77.3%	52,408	62.6%	31,367	37.4%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	139,827	50,570	37.0%	86,035	63.0%	94,544	67.9%	44,604	32.1%
Other Fields	118,560	48,941	41.4%	69,355	58.6%	59,925	50.5%	58,635	49.5%

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known gender or attendance status. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table B.14: Total Graduate Enrollment by Gender, Attendance Status, and Broad Field, Fall 2017

		М	en		Women				
Broad Field	Full-Time		Part-Time		Full-1	Full-Time		Гime	
Total	461,389	60.3%	303,592	39.7%	579,729	55.2%	471,172	44.8%	
Arts and Humanities	30,560	69.5%	13,408	30.5%	38,773	68.8%	17,603	31.2%	
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	32,644	76.9%	9,833	23.1%	38,713	76.0%	12,252	24.0%	
Business	70,334	50.1%	70,169	49.9%	57,907	48.8%	60,721	51.2%	
Education	27,746	38.4%	44,562	61.6%	80,404	37.2%	135,821	62.8%	
Engineering	84,663	70.7%	35,107	29.3%	30,051	74.4%	10,319	25.6%	
Health Sciences	34,697	65.3%	18,450	34.7%	104,813	56.1%	82,076	43.9%	
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	47,463	61.2%	30,092	38.8%	24,025	65.7%	12,565	34.3%	
Physical and Earth Sciences	28,801	85.0%	5,096	15.0%	16,994	82.8%	3,538	17.2%	
Public Administration and Services	10,706	56.3%	8,302	43.7%	41,611	64.4%	22,968	35.6%	
Social and Behavioral Sciences	34,667	68.6%	15,900	31.4%	58,948	68.5%	27,087	31.5%	
Other Fields	24,332	49.7%	24,609	50.3%	35,465	51.1%	33,888	48.9%	

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known attendance status. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Table B.15: Total Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field and Degree Level, Fall 2017

Broad Field	Total	Doct	oral	Master's/Other*		
Total	1,840,435	477,244	26.0%	1,361,027	74.0%	
Arts and Humanities	100,584	38,035	37.9%	62,354	62.1%	
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	94,835	51,410	54.2%	43,404	45.8%	
Business	265,325	16,249	6.1%	249,168	93.9%	
Education	294,249	61,383	20.9%	232,399	79.1%	
Engineering	160,822	63,832	39.4%	97,983	60.6%	
Health Sciences	240,616	63,249	26.3%	177,120	73.7%	
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	115,598	26,756	23.2%	88,760	76.8%	
Physical and Earth Sciences	54,708	40,304	73.7%	14,414	26.3%	
Public Administration and Services	83,775	6,201	7.4%	77,501	92.6%	
Social and Behavioral Sciences	139,827	60,264	43.1%	79,471	56.9%	
Other Fields	118,560	15,837	13.4%	102,463	86.6%	

^{*} Includes total enrollment in graduate-level certificate and education specialist programs.

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known degree levels. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table B.16: Total Graduate Enrollment by Degree Level, Gender, and Broad Field, Fall 2017

		Doc	toral		Master's/Other *				
Broad Field	Men		Women		Ме	Men		nen	
Total	222,787	48.1%	240,022	51.9%	541,972	40.1%	810,203	59.9%	
Arts and Humanities	17,842	47.1%	20,048	52.9%	26,013	41.8%	36,167	58.2%	
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	24,009	47.7%	26,327	52.3%	18,461	42.8%	24,624	57.2%	
Business	7,254	53.7%	6,253	46.3%	133,203	54.2%	112,449	45.8%	
Education	18,434	31.8%	39,447	68.2%	53,702	23.4%	176,265	76.6%	
Engineering	47,477	74.9%	15,943	25.1%	73,025	74.7%	24,688	25.3%	
Health Sciences	18,466	29.3%	44,649	70.7%	34,641	19.6%	142,033	80.4%	
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	19,152	73.2%	7,006	26.8%	58,362	66.4%	29,567	33.6%	
Physical and Earth Sciences	26,024	65.0%	14,023	35.0%	7,884	54.8%	6,508	45.2%	
Public Administration and Services	2,012	33.1%	4,070	66.9%	16,915	21.9%	60,164	78.1%	
Social and Behavioral Sciences	22,929	39.0%	35,886	61.0%	27,543	35.5%	49,968	64.5%	
Other Fields	7,481	47.9%	8,141	52.1%	41,352	40.4%	61,060	59.6%	

^{*} Includes total enrollment in graduate-level certificate and education specialist programs.

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known gender. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Table B.17: Total Graduate Enrollment by Institution Type, Carnegie Classification, and Citizenship, Fall 2017

Institution Type and Carnegie Classification *	Total	U.S. Citiz Permanent		Temporary Residents	
Total	1,840,435	1,490,914	81.5%	339,038	18.5%
Institution Type					
Public	1,127,718	910,280	81.0%	213,049	19.0%
Private, not-for-profit	587,399	467,782	79.3%	122,460	20.7%
Private, for-profit	92,718	81,612	97.4%	2,170	2.6%
Carnegie Classification *					
Doctoral: Highest Research	809,830	580,077	71.7%	228,745	28.3%
Doctoral: Higher Research	295,113	246,710	82.4%	52,860	17.6%
Doctoral: Moderate Research	232,057	203,056	91.1%	19,955	8.9%
Master's Colleges and Universities	425,300	391,600	93.1%	29,181	6.9%
Other	78,135	69,471	89.3%	8,297	10.7%

^{*} See page 20-21 for information about the Carnegie Classification system.

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known citizenship.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table B.18: Total Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field and Citizenship, Fall 2017

Broad Field	Total U.S. Citizens and Tempo Permanent Residents				Residents
Total	1,840,435	1,490,914	81.5%	339,038	18.5%
Arts and Humanities	100,584	82,943	82.9%	17,098	17.1%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	94,835	74,468	78.7%	20,138	21.3%
Business	265,325	215,234	83.3%	43,287	16.7%
Education	294,249	277,173	96.2%	10,901	3.8%
Engineering	160,822	76,391	47.3%	85,024	52.7%
Health Sciences	240,616	226,750	94.9%	12,091	5.1%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	115,598	54,867	48.0%	59,408	52.0%
Physical and Earth Sciences	54,708	36,637	67.2%	17,922	32.8%
Public Administration and Services	83,775	79,935	96.3%	3,075	3.7%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	139,827	115,975	84.7%	20,988	15.3%
Other Fields	118,560	100,440	85.1%	17,544	14.9%

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known citizenship. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Table B.19: Total Graduate Enrollment by Citizenship, Race/Ethnicity, and Gender, Fall 2017

Citizenship and Race/Ethnicity	Total	Men		Women	
Total	1,840,435	764,981	42.1%	1,050,901	57.9%
U.S. Citizens and Permanent Residents	1,490,914	568,872	38.6%	905,831	61.4%
Hispanic/Latino	155,936	56,999	37.0%	97,175	63.0%
Non-Hispanic:					
American Indian/Alaska Native	7,372	2,539	35.1%	4,696	64.9%
Asian	98,483	42,918	44.5%	53,593	55.5%
Black/African American	188,838	56,765	30.4%	130,006	69.6%
Native Hawaiian/ Other Pacific Islander	2,929	1,136	39.3%	1,753	60.7%
White	908,121	357,474	39.8%	541,775	60.2%
Two or More Races	41,307	15,541	37.9%	25,516	62.1%
Race/Ethnicity Unknown	91,149	36,461	40.5%	53,577	59.5%
Temporary Residents	339,038	193,251	58.0%	140,118	42.0%
Citizenship Unknown	10,514	1,653	45.4%	1,987	54.6%

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known gender within each citizenship and race/ethnicity category. See page 20 for a description of each citizenship and race/ethnicity category. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Table B.20: Total Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field and Race/Ethnicity, Fall 2017 (U.S. Citizens and Permanent Residents Only)

Broad Field	Hispanic	/Latino	Americar Alaska		Asia	an	Blad African A	
Total	155,936	10.4%	7,372	0.5%	98,483	6.6%	188,838	12.6%
Arts and Humanities	8,991	10.8%	446	0.5%	3,718	4.5%	4,833	5.8%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	6,847	9.2%	332	0.4%	6,902	9.3%	4,470	6.0%
Business	21,092	9.8%	833	0.4%	18,293	8.5%	31,606	14.7%
Education	32,286	11.6%	1,599	0.6%	9,101	3.3%	37,659	13.5%
Engineering	7,341	9.6%	230	0.3%	9,955	13.0%	4,331	5.7%
Health Sciences	17,785	7.8%	1,059	0.5%	17,904	7.9%	27,250	12.0%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	4,686	8.5%	131	0.2%	8,120	14.8%	5,840	10.6%
Physical and Earth Sciences	3,157	8.6%	146	0.4%	2,513	6.9%	1,222	3.3%
Public Administration and Services	11,307	14.1%	633	0.8%	2,573	3.2%	16,503	20.6%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	14,138	12.2%	754	0.6%	6,089	5.2%	15,269	13.1%
Other Fields	10,997	10.9%	653	0.7%	4,710	4.7%	11,811	11.8%
Broad Field	Native Ha Other Pacif		Wh	ite	Two or Mo	re Races	Rac Ethnicity l	
Total	2,929	0.2%	908,121	60.8%	41,307	2.8%	91,149	6.1%
Arts and Humanities	139	0.2%	57,140	68.9%	2,891	3.5%	4,785	5.8%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	106	0.1%	49,711	66.8%	2,590	3.5%	3,513	4.7%
Business	892	0.4%	123,532	57.3%	5,275	2.4%	14,008	6.5%
Education	570	0.2%	177,673	63.7%	6,509	2.3%	13,485	4.8%
Engineering	107	0.1%	48,261	63.2%	2,491	3.3%	3,675	4.8%
Health Sciences	463	0.2%	142,947	63.0%	5,893	2.6%	13,649	6.0%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	114	0.2%	30,792	56.1%	1,742	3.2%	3,442	6.3%
		0.1%	26,591	72.6%	1,187	3.2%	1,773	4.8%
Physical and Earth Sciences	48	0.170						
Physical and Earth Sciences Public Administration and Services	48 188	0.2%	42,905	53.6%	2,367	3.0%	3,572	4.5%
				53.6% 59.1%	2,367 4,165	3.0% 3.6%	3,572 6,817	4.5% 5.9%

Notes: This table only includes U.S. citizens and permanent residents. See Table 2.18 for total enrollment by broad field for temporary residents. Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known race/ethnicity. See page 20 for a description of each race/ethnicity category. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Table B.21: Graduate Degrees and Certificates Awarded by Degree Level, Carnegie Classification, and Institution Type, 2016-17

Carnegie Classification and Institution Type *	Doctoral	Degrees	Master's	Degrees	Certif	icates
Total	79,738	100.0%	597,304	100.0%	39,049	100.0%
Public	51,651	65.5%	358,667	61.4%	23,364	61.3%
Private, not-for-profit	24,456	31.0%	201,190	34.5%	13,945	36.6%
Private, for-profit	2,734	3.5%	23,905	4.1%	813	2.1%
Doctoral: Highest Research	49,050	61.5%	251,192	42.1%	13,693	35.1%
Public	36,760	74.9%	178,920	71.2%	9,236	67.5%
Private, not-for-profit	12,290	25.1%	72,272	28.8%	4,457	32.5%
Private, for-profit	N/A		N/A		N/A	
Doctoral: Higher Research	13,592	17.0%	94,448	15.8%	7,640	19.6%
Public	9,115	67.1%	63,503	67.2%	5,278	69.1%
Private, not-for-profit	4,477	32.9%	30,945	32.8%	2,362	30.9%
Private, for-profit	N/A		N/A		N/A	
Doctoral: Moderate Research	7,362	9.2%	67,932	11.4%	4,344	11.1%
Public	1,873	25.4%	28,206	41.5%	1,453	33.4%
Private, not-for-profit	2,755	37.4%	29,459	43.4%	2,078	47.8%
Private, for-profit	2,734	37.1%	10,267	15.1%	813	18.7%
Master's Colleges and Universities	5,640	7.1%	158,002	26.5%	11,191	28.7%
Public	2,245	39.8%	83,739	53.0%	6,947	62.1%
Private, not-for-profit	3,395	60.2%	61,067	38.6%	4,244	37.9%
Private, for-profit	S		S		S	
Other	4,094	5.1%	25,730	4.3%	2,181	5.6%
Public	1,658	51.9%	4,299	35.3%	450	35.9%
Private, not-for-profit	1,539	48.1%	7,447	61.1%	804	64.1%
Private, for-profit	N/A		N/A		N/A	

^{*} See page 20-21 for information about the Carnegie Classification system.

Notes: Percentages for Carnegie classifications are the percent of all degrees awarded at that level by institutions with that Carnegie classification. Percentages for institution types are the percent of degrees awarded at that level by institutions with that Carnegie classification. N/A = Not applicable. S = Suppressed due to small number of institutional respondents in this category. Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals.

Table B.22: Graduate Degrees and Certificates Awarded by Degree Level and Broad Field, 2016-17

Broad Field	Doctoral Degrees		eld Doctoral Degrees Master's Degrees		Master's Degrees		Certif	icates
Total	79,738	100.0%	597,304	100.0%	39,049	100.0%		
Arts and Humanities	5,528	7.6%	25,488	4.9%	973	2.8%		
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	8,590	11.8%	18,674	3.6%	923	2.6%		
Business	2,324	3.2%	109,099	20.8%	5,060	14.4%		
Education	9,453	12.9%	98,318	18.8%	11,873	33.7%		
Engineering	9,656	13.2%	50,359	9.6%	1,532	4.4%		
Health Sciences	14,969	20.5%	64,478	12.3%	4,881	13.9%		
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	3,353	4.6%	41,027	7.8%	1,757	5.0%		
Physical and Earth Sciences	5,852	8.0%	8,043	1.5%	450	1.3%		
Public Administration and Services	1,310	1.8%	31,930	6.1%	1,008	2.9%		
Social and Behavioral Sciences	9,408	12.9%	35,900	6.9%	2,730	7.8%		
Other Fields	2,582	3.5%	40,650	7.8%	4,003	11.4%		

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known broad fields. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table B.23: Graduate Certificates Awarded by Broad Field and Gender, 2016-17

Broad Field	Total	Men		Women	
Total	39,049	13,939	36.0%	24,824	64.0%
Arts and Humanities	973	371	38.2%	601	61.8%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	923	380	41.6%	533	58.4%
Business	5,060	2,496	49.7%	2,531	50.3%
Education	11,873	2,423	22.0%	8,606	78.0%
Engineering	1,532	1,148	75.0%	383	25.0%
Health Sciences	4,881	1,118	23.0%	3,746	77.0%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	1,757	1,106	63.5%	636	36.5%
Physical and Earth Sciences	450	278	61.8%	172	38.2%
Public Administration and Services	1,008	277	28.2%	706	71.8%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	2,730	983	36.6%	1,703	63.4%
Other Fields	4,003	1,426	35.8%	2,554	64.2%

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known gender. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Table B.24: Master's Degrees Awarded by Broad Field and Gender, 2016-17

Broad Field Total		Men		Women	
Total	597,304	252,526	42.7%	338,596	57.3%
Arts and Humanities	25,488	10,969	43.2%	14,433	56.8%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	18,674	8,120	43.9%	10,364	56.1%
Business	109,099	60,923	56.2%	47,577	43.8%
Education	98,318	22,560	23.1%	75,112	76.9%
Engineering	50,359	37,564	74.6%	12,775	25.4%
Health Sciences	64,478	12,842	20.0%	51,353	80.0%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	41,027	27,346	66.8%	13,599	33.2%
Physical and Earth Sciences	8,043	4,626	57.6%	3,400	42.4%
Public Administration and Services	31,930	6,916	21.8%	24,786	78.2%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	35,900	13,329	37.4%	22,357	62.6%
Other Fields	40,650	16,888	41.7%	23,609	58.3%

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known gender. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table B.25: Doctoral Degrees Awarded by Broad Field and Gender, 2016-17

Broad Field	Total	Men		Women	
Total	79,738	37,062	47.0%	41,717	53.0%
Arts and Humanities	5,528	2,553	46.8%	2,900	53.2%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	8,590	3,974	47.4%	4,409	52.6%
Business	2,324	1,148	51.1%	1,099	48.9%
Education	9,453	2,875	31.2%	6,339	68.8%
Engineering	9,656	7,372	76.6%	2,248	23.4%
Health Sciences	14,969	4,432	29.7%	10,502	70.3%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	3,353	2,489	74.9%	835	25.1%
Physical and Earth Sciences	5,852	3,832	65.9%	1,984	34.1%
Public Administration and Services	1,310	315	24.4%	978	75.6%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	9,408	3,624	38.9%	5,693	61.1%
Other Fields	2,582	1,212	47.6%	1,334	52.4%

Notes: Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals. Percentages are based on total of known gender. See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

APPENDIX C

Data Tables for Trends in Graduate Applications, First-Time Enrollment, Total Enrollment, and Degrees Conferred, 2007 to 2017

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Table C.1: Applications for Admission to Graduate School by Institution Type, Carnegie Classification, and Degree Level, 2007 to 2017

Institution Type, Carnegie Classification, and Degree Level	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017
Total	-1.8%	1.0%	4.0%
Institution Type			
Public	-3.7%	0.7%	3.5%
Private, not-for-profit	1.4%	1.4%	5.1%
Private, for-profit	5.6%	N/A	N/A
Carnegie Classification *			
Doctoral: Highest Research	-0.1%	1.3%	4.4%
Doctoral: Higher Research	-3.8%	-1.2%	2.5%
Doctoral: Moderate Research	-9.1%	1.5%	3.7%
Master's Colleges and Universities	-4.9%	1.7%	3.4%
Other	-2.8%	0.6%	6.6%
Degree Level			
Doctoral	-2.0%	-1.1%	2.0%
Master's/Other **	-1.8%	2.1%	5.2%

^{*} See page 20-21 for information about the Carnegie Classification system.

^{**} Includes applications to graduate-level certificate and education specialist programs.

Notes: Five- and ten-year trend data are unavailable for applications by level. N/A = Not available.

S = Suppressed due to small number of institutional respondents in this category. Not all respondents provided applications data by level.

Table C.2: Applications for Admission to Graduate School by Broad Field, 2007 to 2017

Broad Field	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017
Total	-1.8%	1.0%	4.0%
Arts and Humanities	-1.8%	-3.1%	-0.6%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	-0.4%	-0.4%	2.7%
Business	4.5%	2.4%	4.8%
Education	1.8%	-1.4%	0.1%
Engineering	-7.3%	1.0%	5.6%
Health Sciences	0.6%	4.4%	11.6%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	1.7%	12.3%	15.5%
Physical and Earth Sciences	-0.6%	-0.2%	3.4%
Public Administration and Services	1.9%	-0.2%	3.6%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	0.4%	-2.4%	1.3%
Other Fields	2.7%	-0.9%	1.6%

Note: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table C.3: Applications for Admission to Graduate School by Broad Field and Degree Level, 2012 to 2017

	Doo	ctoral	Master's/Other*		
Broad Field	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	
Total	-2.0%	-1.1%	-1.8%	2.1%	
Arts and Humanities	-3.2%	-3.5%	-0.9%	-2.9%	
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	0.0%	-1.4%	-1.0%	1.2%	
Business	7.9%	0.9%	4.2%	2.5%	
Education	0.6%	-1.6%	2.0%	-1.3%	
Engineering	0.4%	-1.1%	-10.7%	2.2%	
Health Sciences	-3.6%	3.7%	2.2%	4.7%	
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	8.3%	2.0%	-0.1%	17.4%	
Physical and Earth Sciences	1.1%	0.5%	-7.4%	-2.8%	
Public Administration and Services	7.9%	-1.6%	1.5%	-0.1%	
Social and Behavioral Sciences	-0.2%	-2.4%	1.4%	-2.3%	
Other Fields	6.3%	-3.3%	2.1%	-0.4%	

 $^{^{*}}$ Includes applications to graduate-level certificate and education specialist programs.

Notes: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy. Ten-year trend data are unavailable for applications by level.

Table C.4: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Institution Type and Carnegie Classification, 2007 to 2017

Carnegie Classification and Institution Type *	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017
Total	-0.1%	2.0%	2.2%
Public	0.3%	1.9%	1.9%
Private, not-for-profit	0.2%	2.3%	3.1%
Private, for-profit	S	N/A	N/A
Doctoral: Highest Research	3.0%	3.6%	3.6%
Public	1.4%	3.0%	3.0%
Private, not-for-profit	6.8%	4.9%	5.0%
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A	N/A
Doctoral: Higher Research	-4.2%	-0.0%	0.6%
Public	-0.5%	0.2%	0.4%
Private, not-for-profit	-12.5%	-0.7%	1.1%
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A	N/A
Doctoral: Moderate Research	-7.1%	-0.1%	0.6%
Public	-7.0%	-0.6%	-0.4%
Private, not-for-profit	-3.4%	1.6%	1.5%
Private, for-profit	S	N/A	N/A
Master's Colleges and Universities	0.1%	1.3%	1.3%
Public	0.8%	1.2%	0.9%
Private, not-for-profit	-1.2%	1.5%	2.2%
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other	-1.7%	-0.9%	2.4%
Public	-0.8%	5.6%	2.5%
Private, not-for-profit	-2.3%	-3.7%	2.2%
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A	N/A

 $^{^{*}}$ See page 20-21 for information about the Carnegie Classification system.

Notes: N/A = Not available. S = Suppressed due to small number of institutional respondents in this category. Because not all institutions responded to all items, details may not sum to totals.

Table C.5: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Citizenship and Race/Ethnicity, 2007 to 2017

Citizenship and Race/Ethnicity	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017
Total	-0.1%	2.0%	2.2%
U.S. Citizens and Permanent Residents	1.1%	1.6%	1.9%
American Indian/Alaska Native	-6.5%	-2.1%	-1.9%
Asian/Pacific Islander *	4.5%	4.4%	4.6%
Black/African American	2.2%	2.9%	3.3%
Hispanic/Latino	5.6%	8.0%	8.1%
White	-0.2%	0.2%	0.8%
Temporary Residents	-3.7%	4.7%	5.6%
Other/Unknown **	-1.7%	-0.3%	-0.9%

^{*} Includes Asians and Native Hawaiians/Other Pacific Islanders

Note: See page 20 for a description of each citizenship and race/ethnicity category.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table C.6: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Citizenship, Race/Ethnicity, and Gender, 2007 to 2017

		Men			Women			
Citizenship and Race/Ethnicity	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017		
Total	-0.9%	1.7%	2.3%	0.4%	2.1%	2.1%		
U.S. Citizens and Permanent Residents	1.2%	1.2%	2.1%	1.0%	1.9%	1.8%		
American Indian/Alaska Native	-6.6%	-3.8%	-2.6%	-6.5%	-1.3%	-1.4%		
Asian/Pacific Islander *	5.7%	3.8%	4.6%	3.1%	4.8%	4.6%		
Black/African American	3.0%	3.5%	4.5%	1.8%	2.7%	2.9%		
Hispanic/Latino	7.9%	7.6%	9.1%	4.2%	8.2%	7.6%		
White	-0.7%	-0.2%	1.0%	0.1%	0.5%	0.7%		
Temporary Residents	-4.8%	4.4%	4.7%	-2.8%	4.5%	6.7%		
Other/Unknown **	-3.3%	-1.5%	-1.7%	-0.2%	0.7%	-0.2%		

^{*} Includes Asians and Native Hawaiians/Other Pacific Islanders

Note: See page 20 for a description of each citizenship and race/ethnicity category.

^{**} Includes U.S. citizens and permanent residents of two or more races, U.S. citizens and permanent residents whose race/ethnicity is not known, and individuals whose citizenship is not known.

^{**} Includes U.S. citizens and permanent residents of two or more races, U.S. citizens and permanent residents whose race/ethnicity is not known, and individuals whose citizenship is not known.

Table C.7: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field, 2007 to 2017

Broad Field	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017
Total	-0.1%	2.0%	2.2%
Arts and Humanities	-2.3%	-2.7%	-1.6%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	2.9%	2.5%	3.1%
Business	3.7%	2.6%	2.9%
Education	-4.4%	-1.3%	-1.3%
Engineering	-3.8%	2.7%	4.1%
Health Sciences	1.9%	4.0%	6.9%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	3.8%	12.8%	12.1%
Physical and Earth Sciences	-2.5%	-0.5%	1.2%
Public Administration and Services	0.0%	1.1%	2.5%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	-2.4%	-0.9%	0.1%
Other Fields	2.5%	1.3%	-0.2%

Note: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table C.8: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field and Attendance Status, 2007 to 2017

		Full-Time			Part-Time			
Broad Field	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017		
Total	-0.5%	2.1%	3.0%	0.9%	1.5%	0.7%		
Arts and Humanities	-1.3%	-2.3%	-1.0%	-6.9%	-4.2%	-3.7%		
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	4.5%	2.6%	3.0%	-6.4%	0.8%	2.9%		
Business	2.1%	2.0%	3.7%	7.2%	4.0%	1.5%		
Education	-4.1%	-2.4%	-1.5%	-4.7%	-0.2%	-1.1%		
Engineering	-4.1%	3.0%	4.7%	-2.4%	1.6%	1.5%		
Health Sciences	1.0%	4.2%	7.1%	3.9%	3.3%	6.4%		
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	-0.6%	11.9%	12.1%	21.0%	16.4%	12.2%		
Physical and Earth Sciences	-2.6%	-0.1%	1.5%	-2.2%	-4.0%	-1.1%		
Public Administration and Services	0.7%	1.5%	3.2%	-1.4%	0.2%	1.1%		
Social and Behavioral Sciences	-1.8%	-1.2%	0.4%	-4.3%	0.3%	-0.9%		
Other Fields	1.8%	1.3%	1.0%	4.0%	1.2%	-2.1%		

Note: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Table C.9: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field and Citizenship, 2007 to 2017

	U.S. Citize	ens and Permanent	Residents	Temporary Residents			
Broad Field	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017	
Total	1.1%	1.6%	1.9%	-3.7%	4.7%	5.6%	
Arts and Humanities	-2.1%	-3.0%	-1.8%	-6.8%	2.2%	2.6%	
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	1.4%	3.0%	4.0%	6.8%	2.0%	1.2%	
Business	5.7%	4.2%	3.5%	-2.5%	-0.9%	3.1%	
Education	-3.8%	-1.0%	-1.1%	-14.1%	-2.1%	-0.2%	
Engineering	1.6%	2.2%	3.9%	-8.9%	3.6%	5.0%	
Health Sciences	1.9%	4.0%	7.3%	-2.8%	2.4%	1.9%	
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	17.2%	9.9%	9.3%	-3.4%	15.9%	15.4%	
Physical and Earth Sciences	-3.5%	-0.3%	1.7%	-1.1%	-0.1%	1.1%	
Public Administration and Services	-0.6%	1.4%	3.0%	9.2%	0.8%	3.3%	
Social and Behavioral Sciences	-2.5%	-1.4%	-0.1%	-3.7%	2.3%	3.6%	
Other Fields	3.0%	0.6%	-0.9%	-1.8%	5.3%	7.2%	

Note: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Table C.10: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field and Race/Ethnicity, 2007 to 2017 (U.S. Citizens and Permanent Residents Only)

Broad Field	% Change, '16 — '17	Avg. Annual % Change, '12 — '17	Avg. Annual % Change, '07 — '17	% Change, '16 — '17	Avg. Annual % Change, '12 — '17	Avg. Annual % Change, '07 — '17	% Change, '16 — '17	Avg. Annual % Change, '12 — '17	Avg. Annual % Change, '07 — '17
	America	n Indian/Alasl	ka Native	Asia	n/Pacific Islar	nder *	Blac	k/African Ame	rican
Total	-6.5%	-2.1%	-1.9%	4.5%	4.4%	4.6%	2.2%	2.9%	3.3%
Arts & Humanities	-24.8%	-6.7%	-5.5%	1.1%	0.5%	0.5%	5.7%	1.9%	1.8%
Bio. & Agric. Sci.	-5.7%	-0.0%	-2.2%	3.1%	6.8%	6.5%	17.8%	9.1%	7.5%
Business	-15.1%	-2.7%	-0.5%	6.9%	3.2%	2.7%	8.7%	6.3%	6.8%
Education	-7.7%	-3.0%	-2.9%	-3.0%	-0.8%	1.9%	-1.4%	-1.1%	-0.3%
Engineering	14.0%	-1.2%	-3.9%	2.8%	3.4%	3.6%	3.1%	3.8%	3.5%
Health Sciences	9.2%	1.9%	0.8%	5.1%	7.5%	10.3%	2.1%	4.6%	12.4%
Math & Comp. Sci.	-29.0%	1.0%	-3.6%	23.7%	22.3%	19.2%	14.5%	9.4%	11.1%
Physical & Earth Sci.	-20.0%	-3.8%	-1.9%	-1.5%	0.7%	3.8%	-3.3%	2.1%	1.6%
Public Admin. & Svcs.	-10.3%	-2.6%	-0.6%	1.8%	1.3%	2.5%	2.1%	2.7%	4.3%
Social & Behav. Sci.	-15.9%	-5.8%	-4.0%	-2.2%	-0.4%	1.1%	2.7%	1.2%	1.0%
Other Fields	3.5%	1.2%	-1.3%	10.1%	3.8%	1.5%	1.3%	3.5%	1.4%
	ŀ	lispanic/Latin	10		White				
Total	5.6%	8.0%	8.1%	-0.2%	0.2%	0.8%			
Arts & Humanities	7.0%	2.2%	1.8%	-4.1%	-4.1%	-2.5%			
Bio. & Agric. Sci.	4.7%	12.2%	14.4%	-0.7%	1.1%	2.6%			
Business	11.2%	11.2%	7.9%	4.2%	3.2%	2.7%			
Education	-2.5%	3.9%	3.1%	-4.5%	-1.7%	-1.9%			
Engineering	10.3%	8.0%	15.6%	-0.2%	1.1%	3.0%			
Health Sciences	9.0%	13.1%	18.4%	0.5%	2.6%	5.6%			
Math & Comp. Sci.	21.8%	19.1%	11.8%	15.1%	6.5%	7.0%			
Physical & Earth Sci.	2.4%	9.8%	13.6%	-4.3%	-1.3%	0.8%			
Public Admin. & Svcs.	2.4%	8.7%	12.5%	-2.4%	-0.2%	1.4%			
Social & Behav. Sci.	5.1%	3.0%	3.4%	-5.0%	-2.6%	-0.9%			
Other Fields	10.5%	8.1%	8.3%	1.3%	-1.0%	-2.1%			

^{*} Includes Asians and Native Hawaiians/Other Pacific Islanders

Notes: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy. See page 20 for a description of each race/ethnicity category.

Table C.11: First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field and Gender, 2007 to 2017

		Men			Women			
Broad Field	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017		
Total	-0.9%	1.7%	2.3%	0.4%	2.1%	2.1%		
Arts and Humanities	-2.9%	-2.9%	-1.7%	-1.8%	-2.5%	-1.4%		
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	1.0%	1.1%	2.7%	3.9%	3.7%	3.5%		
Business	1.6%	1.9%	2.1%	6.2%	3.5%	4.1%		
Education	-5.9%	-1.6%	-1.4%	-3.9%	-1.2%	-1.2%		
Engineering	-4.5%	2.1%	3.4%	-2.0%	4.6%	6.4%		
Health Sciences	0.9%	3.9%	7.3%	2.1%	4.1%	6.8%		
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	4.8%	11.5%	11.1%	1.6%	15.9%	14.7%		
Physical and Earth Sciences	-4.2%	-1.3%	0.8%	0.2%	0.7%	1.8%		
Public Administration and Services	1.6%	0.6%	1.6%	-0.3%	1.3%	2.8%		
Social and Behavioral Sciences	-2.8%	-2.1%	-0.2%	-2.1%	-0.2%	0.4%		
Other Fields	0.2%	0.4%	-0.1%	4.0%	1.9%	-0.2%		

Note: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table C.12: Doctorate-Level First-Time Enrollment by Broad Field and Gender, 2012 to 2017

	% 0	% Change, 2016 to 2017			Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017		
Broad Field	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	
Total	-0.8%	-2.6%	0.7%	0.5%	-0.6%	1.5%	
Arts and Humanities	-5.7%	-9.4%	-1.8%	-2.7%	-2.8%	-2.5%	
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	-0.1%	-0.6%	0.1%	0.2%	-1.0%	1.4%	
Business	-1.8%	-4.4%	1.7%	2.4%	2.0%	2.9%	
Education	-1.5%	-4.8%	0.3%	0.4%	-0.6%	0.9%	
Engineering	-0.5%	-1.6%	2.7%	1.5%	1.0%	3.1%	
Health Sciences	4.7%	6.4%	3.9%	3.5%	2.0%	4.2%	
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	3.4%	3.1%	4.8%	2.3%	1.9%	4.1%	
Physical and Earth Sciences	-2.3%	-3.5%	0.2%	0.3%	-0.5%	2.0%	
Public Administration and Services	0.9%	-3.2%	2.9%	-1.6%	-3.3%	-0.7%	
Social and Behavioral Sciences	-1.6%	-3.8%	-0.1%	-0.9%	-2.4%	0.2%	
Other Fields	2.2%	-4.9%	9.1%	-1.6%	-3.3%	0.0%	

Notes: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy. Ten-year trend data are unavailable for first-time graduate enrollment by level.

Table C.13: Master's-Level First-Time Enrollment by Broad Field and Gender, 2012 to 2017 st

	% C	hange, 2016 to 2	017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 20		
Broad Field	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
Total	-0.0%	-0.5%	0.2%	2.3%	2.3%	2.2%
Arts and Humanities	-1.9%	-1.3%	-2.3%	-2.7%	-3.0%	-2.4%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	3.8%	1.5%	5.0%	4.1%	2.8%	5.1%
Business	3.3%	1.2%	5.9%	2.6%	1.9%	3.5%
Education	-5.3%	-6.8%	-4.9%	-1.5%	-1.8%	-1.5%
Engineering	-5.3%	-6.0%	-4.0%	3.1%	2.5%	5.1%
Health Sciences	1.3%	-0.6%	1.7%	4.2%	4.5%	4.1%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	3.8%	5.1%	1.2%	15.6%	14.2%	18.5%
Physical and Earth Sciences	-4.1%	-6.7%	-0.8%	-2.0%	-2.9%	-0.9%
Public Administration and Services	-0.1%	1.7%	-0.4%	1.2%	0.7%	1.4%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	-2.6%	-2.4%	-2.6%	-1.0%	-2.0%	-0.3%
Other Fields	2.5%	0.7%	3.6%	1.5%	0.8%	2.0%

^{*} Includes first-time enrollment in graduate-level certificate and education specialist programs.

Notes: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy. Ten-year trend data are unavailable for first-time graduate enrollment by level.

Table C.14: Total Graduate Enrollment by Institution Type and Carnegie Classification, 2007 to 2017

Carnegie Classification and Institution Type *	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017
Total	-0.5%	0.2%	0.8%
Public	0.5%	1.1%	1.1%
Private, not-for-profit	-0.1%	0.8%	1.6%
Private, for-profit	-8.2%	S	S
Doctoral: Highest Research	2.6%	2.4%	2.3%
Public	2.1%	2.1%	1.9%
Private, not-for-profit	3.8%	3.1%	3.4%
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A	N/A
Doctoral: Higher Research	-1.4%	-0.6%	0.4%
Public	-0.8%	-0.1%	0.7%
Private, not-for-profit	-2.8%	-1.9%	-0.4%
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A	N/A
Doctoral: Moderate Research	-5.6%	-0.4%	0.7%
Public	-5.0%	0.4%	0.6%
Private, not-for-profit	-4.6%	-0.1%	0.4%
Private, for-profit	-8.2%	S	S
Master's Colleges and Universities	-0.9%	0.2%	-0.1%
Public	-0.5%	-0.2%	-0.5%
Private, not-for-profit	-1.6%	0.9%	0.9%
Private, for-profit	S	S	S
Other	-12.3%	-8.8%	-4.8%
Public	-2.8%	0.5%	1.7%
Private, not-for-profit	-5.9%	-4.5%	0.9%
Private, for-profit	N/A	N/A	N/A

 $[\]ensuremath{^*}$ See page 20-21 for information about the Carnegie Classification system.

Notes: N/A = Not available. S = Suppressed due to small number of institutional respondents in this category. Not all respondents provided applications data by level.

Table C.15: Total Graduate Enrollment by Citizenship and Race/Ethnicity, 2007 to 2017

Citizenship and Race/Ethnicity	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017
Total	-0.5%	0.2%	0.8%
U.S. Citizens and Permanent Residents	1.2%	-0.3%	0.6%
American Indian/Alaska Native	-0.3%	-3.2%	-3.0%
Asian/Pacific Islander *	3.6%	2.2%	2.7%
Black/African American	3.0%	-0.5%	1.3%
Hispanic/Latino	5.3%	4.8%	6.1%
White	-0.1%	-1.2%	-0.3%
Temporary Residents	-2.4%	4.7%	4.0%
Other/Unknown **	-10.6%	-2.9%	-2.0%

^{*} Includes Asians and Native Hawaiians/Other Pacific Islanders

Note: See page 20 for a description of each citizenship and race/ethnicity category.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table C.16: Total Graduate Enrollment by Citizenship, Race/Ethnicity, and and Gender, 2007 to 2017

		Men			Women			
Citizenship and Race/Ethnicity	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017		
Total	-1.5%	0.4%	1.0%	0.2%	0.1%	0.6%		
U.S. Citizens and Permanent Residents	0.3%	-0.5%	0.6%	1.5%	-0.2%	0.5%		
American Indian/Alaska Native	-2.7%	-3.9%	-3.4%	0.7%	-3.1%	-2.8%		
Asian/Pacific Islander *	3.3%	1.8%	2.5%	3.2%	2.5%	2.8%		
Black/African American	2.4%	0.0%	2.2%	3.2%	-0.7%	1.0%		
Hispanic/Latino	5.6%	4.5%	6.3%	5.0%	4.9%	5.8%		
White	-1.2%	-1.5%	-0.2%	0.3%	-1.0%	-0.4%		
Temporary Residents	-3.8%	4.8%	3.7%	-1.1%	4.2%	4.3%		
Other/Unknown **	-9.8%	-3.3%	-2.3%	-10.9%	-2.5%	-1.7%		

^{*} Includes Asians and Native Hawaiians/Other Pacific Islanders

Note: See page 20 for a description of each citizenship and race/ethnicity category.

^{**} Includes U.S. citizens and permanent residents of two or more races, U.S. citizens and permanent residents whose race/ethnicity is not known, and individuals whose citizenship is not known.

^{**} Includes U.S. citizens and permanent residents of two or more races, U.S. citizens and permanent residents whose race/ethnicity is not known, and individuals whose citizenship is not known.

Table C.17: Total Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field, 2007 to 2017

Broad Field	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017
Total	-0.5%	0.2%	0.8%
Arts and Humanities	-2.5%	-2.8%	-1.7%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	1.0%	1.2%	1.9%
Business	0.5%	0.2%	2.2%
Education	-2.3%	-2.0%	-1.9%
Engineering	-1.7%	2.7%	3.5%
Health Sciences	2.5%	3.9%	8.0%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	0.7%	10.5%	8.5%
Physical and Earth Sciences	-0.3%	0.2%	1.0%
Public Administration and Services	0.7%	0.6%	2.6%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	-0.1%	-1.6%	-0.4%
Other Fields	1.9%	0.4%	-0.9%

Note: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table C.18: Total Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field and Attendance Status, 2007 to 2017

		Full-Time		Part-Time			
Broad Field	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017	
Total	-1.9%	0.3%	2.1%	1.8%	0.0%	0.1%	
Arts and Humanities	-2.4%	-2.1%	-1.0%	-2.6%	-4.4%	-3.1%	
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	1.2%	1.2%	1.7%	0.1%	0.8%	2.0%	
Business	-0.9%	0.6%	3.2%	2.0%	-0.3%	0.8%	
Education	-2.0%	-2.9%	-1.9%	-2.4%	-1.3%	-1.9%	
Engineering	-2.8%	3.2%	4.1%	1.5%	1.4%	2.2%	
Health Sciences	0.6%	3.7%	7.5%	5.3%	4.0%	8.9%	
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	-2.4%	10.3%	8.9%	7.8%	11.0%	7.8%	
Physical and Earth Sciences	0.2%	0.8%	1.4%	-3.0%	-2.6%	-1.0%	
Public Administration and Services	0.7%	0.5%	3.4%	0.6%	0.8%	1.3%	
Social and Behavioral Sciences	-0.3%	-1.1%	0.2%	0.2%	-2.7%	-1.5%	
Other Fields	0.5%	0.4%	0.6%	3.7%	0.3%	-2.4%	

Note: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Table C.19: Total Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field and Citizenship, 2007 to 2017

U.S. Citizens and Permanent Residents Temporary Residents Broad Field % Change, Average Annual Average Annual % Change, Average Annual Average Annual 2016 to 2017 % Change, % Change, 2016 to 2017 % Change, % Change, 2012 to 2017 2007 to 2017 2012 to 2017 2007 to 2017 1.2% -0.3% 0.6% -2.4% 4.7% 4.0% Total Arts and Humanities -3.0% -3.2% -1.9% -0.5% 3.0% 2.1% Biological and Agricultural Sciences 0.8% 1.7% 2.4% 0.5% 0.1% 0.4% 0.7% 2.4% -0.2% 2.6% **Business** 1.4% -2.1% -1.9% -1.8% -0.7% -0.3% Education -1.8% -6.3% Engineering 1.7% 0.4% 2.4% -4.9% 5.5% 5.1% 3.8% 2.4% **Health Sciences** 2.7% 8.5% -3.5% 2.5% 8.4% 5.8% 5.5% 12.4% Mathematics and Computer Sciences -4.0% 16.1% Physical and Earth Sciences -0.3% 0.4% 1.4% -0.3% 0.6% 0.8% Public Administration and Services 0.6% 1.0% 3.1% -4.0% -0.5% 1.6% -2.0% 1.7% Social and Behavioral Sciences -0.1% -0.6% -0.5% 1.9% 5.5% 5.4% Other Fields 1.9% -0.4% -1.5% -2.0%

Note: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Table C.20: Total Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field and Race/Ethnicity, 2007 to 2017 (U.S. Citizens and Permanent Residents Only)

Broad Field	% Change, '16 — '17	Avg. Annual % Change, '12 — '17	Avg. Annual % Change, '07 — '17	% Change, '16 — '17	Avg. Annual % Change, '12 — '17	Avg. Annual % Change, '07 — '17	% Change, '16 — '17	Avg. Annual % Change, '12 — '17	Avg. Annual % Change, '07 — '17
	America	can Indian/Alaska Native		Asia	Asian/Pacific Islander *		Black/African American		erican
Total	-0.3%	-3.2%	-3.0%	3.6%	2.2%	2.7%	3.0%	-0.5%	1.3%
Arts & Humanities	-9.5%	-5.0%	-4.5%	0.1%	-1.4%	-0.5%	5.1%	1.1%	-0.0%
Bio. & Agric. Sci.	-4.1%	-1.1%	-1.9%	2.0%	3.4%	4.5%	5.5%	4.6%	4.0%
Business	-10.0%	-3.7%	-1.8%	5.1%	1.0%	2.1%	0.6%	-0.5%	5.9%
Education	-3.1%	-4.7%	-4.1%	1.1%	-0.5%	0.8%	-1.2%	-2.5%	-1.0%
Engineering	-1.5%	-3.5%	-2.9%	3.8%	0.9%	1.9%	1.6%	1.0%	2.5%
Health Sciences	0.5%	-0.6%	2.7%	3.3%	8.1%	11.9%	4.6%	5.0%	15.5%
Math & Comp. Sci.	8.4%	-1.3%	-1.8%	16.6%	14.8%	9.9%	10.0%	7.4%	9.5%
Physical & Earth Sci.	-4.4%	-2.8%	-2.2%	2.1%	2.2%	4.0%	2.3%	0.2%	0.2%
Public Admin. & Svcs.	0.4%	-0.2%	-0.0%	-1.7%	0.2%	2.5%	2.9%	1.2%	5.3%
Social & Behav. Sci.	-2.2%	-4.5%	-3.1%	-0.2%	-1.6%	0.3%	4.8%	-0.3%	-0.3%
Other Fields	12.9%	1.7%	-2.9%	3.9%	1.6%	0.3%	3.4%	2.9%	0.7%
	ŀ	lispanic/Latin	10		White				
Total	5.3%	4.8%	6.1%	-0.1%	-1.2%	-0.3%			
Arts & Humanities	2.9%	1.1%	2.6%	-4.6%	-4.1%	-2.5%			
Bio. & Agric. Sci.	7.0%	10.0%	11.2%	-0.5%	0.5%	1.4%			
Business	3.9%	5.6%	8.7%	0.6%	0.3%	1.3%			
Education	2.8%	3.1%	3.1%	-3.0%	-2.5%	-2.5%			
Engineering	7.2%	5.3%	9.5%	0.5%	-0.3%	1.9%			
Health Sciences	9.0%	11.0%	18.5%	1.5%	2.6%	6.7%			
Math & Comp. Sci.	13.1%	11.5%	12.9%	5.4%	3.3%	3.7%			
Physical & Earth Sci.	7.1%	9.9%	11.2%	-1.3%	-0.5%	0.7%			
Public Admin. & Svcs.	3.3%	7.2%	11.7%	-0.7%	-0.2%	1.4%			
Social & Behav. Sci.	3.8%	1.6%	4.1%	-1.8%	-2.9%	-1.2%			
Other Fields	7.7%	7.1%	6.8%	0.4%	-1.9%	-2.5%			

^{*} Includes Asians and Native Hawaiians/Other Pacific Islanders

Notes: See Appendix D for the survey

taxonomy. See page 20 for a description of each race/ethnicity category.

Table C.21: Total Graduate Enrollment by Broad Field and Gender, 2007 to 2017

		Men		Women			
Broad Field	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017	% Change, 2016 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017	Average Annual % Change, 2007 to 2017	
Total	-1.5%	0.4%	1.0%	0.2%	0.1%	0.6%	
Arts and Humanities	-2.7%	-2.7%	-1.6%	-2.3%	-2.9%	-1.7%	
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	-0.4%	0.6%	1.6%	1.9%	1.8%	2.1%	
Business	-0.9%	-0.2%	1.3%	2.1%	0.7%	3.1%	
Education	-2.2%	-2.1%	-2.0%	-2.3%	-2.0%	-1.9%	
Engineering	-2.6%	2.1%	3.1%	0.8%	4.6%	5.1%	
Health Sciences	1.3%	4.2%	8.4%	2.7%	3.8%	8.0%	
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	-0.2%	9.2%	7.8%	2.6%	13.9%	10.7%	
Physical and Earth Sciences	-1.6%	-0.1%	0.9%	1.6%	0.6%	1.2%	
Public Administration and Services	0.1%	-0.6%	1.0%	0.9%	0.9%	3.1%	
Social and Behavioral Sciences	-1.6%	-2.1%	-0.3%	0.8%	-1.3%	-0.4%	
Other Fields	0.7%	0.3%	-0.7%	2.8%	0.5%	-1.0%	

Note: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table C.22: Doctorate-Level Total Enrollment by Broad Field and Gender, 2012 to 2017

	% C	% Change, 2016 to 2017			Average Annual % Change, 2012 to 2017		
Broad Field	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	
Total	0.1%	-0.9%	1.0%	0.4%	0.2%	0.5%	
Arts and Humanities	-3.0%	-3.4%	-2.7%	-2.1%	-2.0%	-2.3%	
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	1.0%	0.2%	1.2%	0.4%	0.1%	0.6%	
Business	-4.5%	-5.4%	-3.3%	-0.9%	-1.0%	-0.6%	
Education	-1.0%	-1.6%	-0.7%	-1.3%	-1.2%	-1.3%	
Engineering	2.6%	2.0%	4.9%	2.0%	1.5%	3.7%	
Health Sciences	5.0%	4.3%	4.7%	4.9%	4.5%	4.9%	
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	3.2%	2.4%	5.9%	2.0%	1.6%	3.2%	
Physical and Earth Sciences	1.2%	0.4%	2.5%	1.2%	0.8%	1.8%	
Public Administration and Services	0.1%	-4.5%	2.6%	-1.6%	-2.3%	-1.2%	
Social and Behavioral Sciences	-0.6%	-2.1%	0.3%	-1.2%	-1.4%	-1.1%	
Other Fields	-5.6%	-8.2%	-3.1%	-1.7%	-2.3%	-1.1%	

Notes: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy. Ten-year trend data are unavailable for total graduate enrollment by level.

Table C.23: Master's-Level Total Enrollment by Broad Field and Gender, 2012 to 2017 st

	% Change, 2016 to 2017			Average Anı	nual % Change, 2	012 to 2017
Broad Field	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
Total	-0.9%	-2.0%	-0.3%	0.2%	0.4%	-0.0%
Arts and Humanities	-2.4%	-2.5%	-2.3%	-3.3%	-3.3%	-3.3%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	0.5%	-1.9%	2.3%	2.6%	1.4%	3.5%
Business	0.4%	-1.1%	2.1%	0.3%	-0.1%	0.8%
Education	-2.9%	-2.8%	-2.9%	-2.2%	-2.4%	-2.1%
Engineering	-4.9%	-5.8%	-2.3%	3.2%	2.6%	5.3%
Health Sciences	1.8%	-0.1%	2.0%	3.5%	4.0%	3.4%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	-0.1%	-1.0%	1.8%	15.1%	13.5%	18.5%
Physical and Earth Sciences	-5.5%	-9.0%	-1.1%	-2.6%	-3.0%	-2.0%
Public Administration and Services	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.8%	-0.4%	1.1%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	0.4%	-1.2%	1.3%	-1.9%	-2.7%	-1.5%
Other Fields	3.3%	2.8%	3.6%	0.8%	0.9%	0.7%

^{*} Includes first-time enrollment in graduate-level certificate and education specialist programs.

Notes: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy. Ten-year trend data are unavailable for total graduate enrollment by level.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table C.24: Graduate Degrees and Certificates Awarded by Degree Level and Institution Type, 2006-07 to 2016-17

Degree Level and Institution Type	% Change, '15-16 to '16-17	Average Annual % Change, '11-12 to '16-17	Average Annual % Change, '06-07 to '16-17
Doctoral Degrees	1.7%	3.1%	4.4%
Public	1.2%	3.6%	4.3%
Private, not-for-profit	3.2%	2.3%	4.2%
Private, for-profit	S	S	S
Master's Degrees	4.6%	1.3%	2.7%
Public	7.2%	2.6%	3.5%
Private, not-for-profit	2.7%	1.6%	3.1%
Private, for-profit	-6.6%	S	S
Graduate-Level Certificates	-8.2%	2.3%	N/A
Public	-13.0%	4.1%	N/A
Private, not-for-profit	4.3%	1.3%	N/A
Private, for-profit	S	S	N/A

Notes: N/A = Not available. S = Suppressed due to small number of institutional respondents in this category. Ten-year trend data are unavailable for graduate-level certificates.

Table C.25: Graduate Degrees and Certificates Awarded by Degree Level and Carnegie Classification, 2006-07 to 2016-17

Degree Level and Carnegie Classification *	% Change, '15-16 to '16-17	Average Annual % Change, '11-12 to '16-17	Average Annual % Change, '06-07 to '16-17
Doctoral Degrees	1.7%	3.1%	4.4%
Doctoral: Highest Research	-0.2%	1.8%	2.8%
Doctoral: Higher Research	11.3%	5.5%	6.1%
Doctoral: Moderate Research	-1.2%	2.8%	9.6%
Master's Colleges and Universities	4.9%	16.9%	28.5%
Other	-1.4%	3.1%	10.3%
Master's Degrees	4.6%	1.3%	2.7%
Doctoral: Highest Research	10.1%	4.2%	5.3%
Doctoral: Higher Research	0.9%	0.1%	1.9%
Doctoral: Moderate Research	-2.1%	0.7%	2.0%
Master's Colleges and Universities	3.9%	1.2%	1.6%
Other	-11.8%	-8.9%	-4.5%
Graduate-Level Certificates	-8.2%	2.3%	N/A
Doctoral: Highest Research	-4.7%	11.5%	N/A
Doctoral: Higher Research	-19.1%	5.2%	N/A
Doctoral: Moderate Research	-19.7%	-10.1%	N/A
Master's Colleges and Universities	5.5%	5.9%	N/A
Other	-4.8%	-3.8%	N/A

^{*} See page 20-21 for information about the Carnegie Classification system.

Notes: N/A = Not available. Ten-year trend data are unavailable for graduate-level certificates.

Table C.26: Graduate Degrees and Certificates Awarded by Degree Level, Institution Type, and Gender, 2006-07 to 2016-17

		Men		Women			
Degree Level and Institution Type	% Change, '15-16 to '16-17	Average Annual % Change, '11-12 to '16-17	Average Annual % Change, '06-07 to '16-17	% Change, '15-16 to '16-17	Average Annual % Change, '11-12 to '16-17	Average Annual % Change, '06-07 to '16-17	
Doctoral Degrees	-0.1%	2.7%	3.3%	3.4%	3.4%	5.7%	
Public	-0.3%	3.1%	3.4%	2.7%	4.1%	5.4%	
Private, not-for-profit	0.7%	2.1%	2.8%	5.5%	2.5%	5.6%	
Private, for-profit	S	S	S	S	S	S	
Master's Degrees	4.9%	2.2%	3.5%	4.1%	0.8%	2.2%	
Public	8.1%	3.8%	4.8%	6.6%	1.8%	2.8%	
Private, not-for-profit	1.3%	1.6%	3.1%	2.9%	1.7%	3.1%	
Private, for-profit	-6.6%	0.1%	S	-6.6%	0.9%	S	
Graduate-Level Certificates	-8.9%	1.4%	N/A	-6.2%	2.6%	N/A	
Public	-15.2%	5.8%	N/A	-9.1%	2.8%	N/A	
Private, not-for-profit	5.1%	-2.4%	N/A	3.7%	4.0%	N/A	
Private, for-profit	\$	S	N/A	S	S	N/A	

Notes: N/A = Not available. S = Suppressed due to small number of institutional respondents in this category. Ten-year trend data are unavailable for graduate-level certificates.

Table C.27: Graduate Degrees and Certificates Awarded by Degree Level, Carnegie Classification, and Gender, 2006-07 to 2016-17

		Men		Women					
Degree Level and Carnegie Classification *	% Change, '15-16 to '16-17	Average Annual % Change, '11-12 to '16-17	Average Annual % Change, '06-07 to '16-17	% Change, '15-16 to '16-17	Average Annual % Change, '11-12 to '16-17	Average Annual % Change, '06-07 to '16-17			
Doctoral Degrees	-0.1%	2.7%	3.3%	3.4%	3.4%	5.7%			
Doctoral: Highest Research	-1.4%	1.9%	2.2%	1.1%	1.6%	3.6%			
Doctoral: Higher Research	6.1%	4.9%	5.2%	15.8%	6.1%	7.3%			
Doctoral: Moderate Research	1.4%	2.5%	8.4%	-2.5%	3.0%	10.0%			
Master's Colleges and Universities	1.5%	19.4%	30.6%	6.9%	16.3%	26.5%			
Other	-3.5%	1.8%	5.2%	-0.1%	4.5%	14.6%			
Master's Degrees	4.9%	2.2%	3.5%	4.1%	0.8%	2.2%			
Doctoral: Highest Research	10.5%	4.6%	5.6%	10.0%	4.0%	5.1%			
Doctoral: Higher Research	-0.8%	0.5%	2.6%	0.5%	-0.1%	1.5%			
Doctoral: Moderate Research	-3.1%	1.0%	3.2%	-1.6%	0.5%	1.7%			
Master's Colleges and Universities	3.6%	2.5%	2.5%	3.8%	0.6%	1.2%			
Other	-13.4%	-8.6%	-5.0%	-10.9%	-9.1%	-4.2%			
Graduate-Level Certificates	-8.9%	1.4%	N/A	-6.2%	2.6%	N/A			
Doctoral: Highest Research	-10.2%	12.2%	N/A	-1.2%	10.3%	N/A			
Doctoral: Higher Research	-16.9%	8.6%	N/A	-14.1%	3.5%	N/A			
Doctoral: Moderate Research	-8.3%	-12.2%	N/A	-24.2%	-8.6%	N/A			
Master's Colleges and Universities	5.9%	3.8%	N/A	6.0%	7.1%	N/A			
Other	-5.0%	-6.4%	N/A	-4.8%	-2.7%	N/A			

^{*} See page 20-21 for information about the Carnegie Classification system.

Notes: N/A = Not available. Ten-year trend data are unavailable for graduate-level certificates.

Table C.28: Graduate-Level Certificates Awarded by Broad Field and Gender, 2011-12 to 2016-17

	To	tal	М	en	Women		
Broad Field	% Change, 2015-16 to 2016-17	% Change, 2011-12 to 2016-17	% Change, 2015-16 to 2016-17	% Change, 2011-12 to 2016-17	% Change, 2015-16 to 2016-17	% Change, 2011-12 to 2016-17	
Total	-8.2%	2.3%	-8.9%	1.4%	-6.2%	2.6%	
Arts and Humanities	-26.2%	1.4%	-28.1%	3.1%	-24.6%	-1.6%	
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	-11.4%	18.8%	-22.6%	17.8%	-2.4%	18.4%	
Business	-2.5%	10.3%	-4.6%	11.4%	3.3%	9.3%	
Education	9.9%	6.9%	-4.4%	3.0%	2.6%	4.7%	
Engineering	-21.8%	9.3%	-24.0%	8.6%	-14.4%	12.2%	
Health Sciences	-4.0%	2.7%	-4.1%	1.4%	-3.0%	2.7%	
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	15.5%	28.1%	17.0%	28.2%	10.5%	32.0%	
Physical and Earth Sciences	16.5%	2.8%	10.3%	-1.9%	29.4%	11.4%	
Public Administration and Services	-10.5%	5.1%	-15.0%	1.9%	-9.9%	5.5%	
Social and Behavioral Sciences	14.2%	6.5%	13.7%	6.5%	13.5%	3.4%	
Other Fields	-11.8%	5.3%	-19.2%	7.6%	-7.0%	3.6%	

Notes: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy. Ten-year trend data are unavailable for graduate-level certificates.

Source: CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Table C.29: Master's Degrees Awarded by Broad Field and Gender, 2006-07 to 2016-17

		Total			Men		Women			
Broad Field	% Change, '15/16 — '16/17	Avg. Annual % Change, '11/12 — '16/17	Avg. Annual % Change, '06/07 — '16/17	% Change, '15/16 — '16/17	Avg. Annual % Change, '11/12 — '16/17	Avg. Annual % Change, '06/07 — '16/17	% Change, '15/16 — '16/17	Avg. Annual % Change, '11/12 — '16/17	Avg. Annual % Change, '06/07 — '16/17	
Total	4.6%	1.3%	2.7%	4.9%	2.2%	3.5%	4.1%	0.8%	2.2%	
Arts & Humanities	-4.9%	-2.8%	-0.7%	-2.7%	-2.6%	-0.5%	-6.2%	-2.9%	-0.8%	
Bio. & Agric. Sci.	-6.4%	3.8%	5.2%	-12.6%	2.8%	5.3%	-1.1%	4.7%	5.3%	
Business	0.2%	0.3%	3.0%	-0.2%	-0.2%	2.3%	0.5%	1.0%	3.9%	
Education	0.1%	-3.0%	-1.7%	-3.5%	-3.6%	-1.9%	1.2%	-2.8%	-1.7%	
Engineering	2.2%	5.4%	7.6%	1.9%	4.8%	7.2%	2.9%	7.5%	9.4%	
Health Sciences	4.7%	6.1%	10.8%	3.9%	7.2%	11.6%	4.8%	5.9%	10.5%	
Math & Comp. Sci.	13.6%	19.3%	12.5%	12.4%	18.0%	11.3%	15.9%	22.6%	15.3%	
Physical & Earth Sci.	1.5%	1.3%	1.3%	-0.0%	0.9%	1.5%	3.9%	1.9%	1.2%	
Public Admin. & Svcs.	1.6%	2.4%	3.6%	0.8%	1.1%	2.0%	1.7%	2.8%	4.1%	
Social & Behav. Sci.	-1.1%	-0.7%	1.5%	-2.1%	-1.5%	1.7%	-0.5%	-0.3%	1.3%	
Other Fields	4.7%	0.3%	2.0%	1.5%	0.3%	1.9%	6.7%	0.3%	2.0%	

Note: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

Table C.30: Doctoral Degrees Awarded by Broad Field and Gender, 2006-07 to 2016-17

		Total			Men		Women			
Broad Field	% Change, '15/16 — '16/17	Avg. Annual % Change, '11/12 — '16/17	Avg. Annual % Change, '06/07 — '16/17	% Change, '15/16 — '16/17	Avg. Annual % Change, '11/12 — '16/17	Avg. Annual % Change, '06/07 — '16/17	% Change, '15/16 — '16/17	Avg. Annual % Change, '11/12 — '16/17	Avg. Annual % Change, '06/07 — '16/17	
Total	1.7%	3.1%	4.4%	-0.1%	2.7%	3.3%	3.4%	3.4%	5.7%	
Arts & Humanities	-5.7%	-0.4%	1.7%	-3.0%	-0.4%	1.2%	-8.5%	-0.7%	2.0%	
Bio. & Agric. Sci.	-0.9%	1.3%	2.2%	-3.7%	1.2%	1.3%	1.6%	1.3%	3.4%	
Business	-2.6%	4.4%	3.1%	-7.2%	3.6%	2.1%	4.5%	5.4%	4.5%	
Education	5.2%	2.2%	2.6%	7.5%	1.7%	2.6%	4.3%	2.4%	2.7%	
Engineering	-0.8%	3.2%	2.5%	-1.7%	2.8%	2.1%	1.8%	4.3%	4.0%	
Health Sciences	5.5%	8.3%	16.9%	4.1%	10.2%	14.2%	6.1%	7.7%	17.8%	
Math & Comp. Sci.	-4.8%	1.6%	2.5%	-5.0%	1.7%	2.6%	-3.8%	1.2%	2.3%	
Physical & Earth Sci.	-0.7%	2.4%	2.0%	-1.7%	2.2%	1.7%	1.0%	2.8%	2.9%	
Public Admin. & Svcs.	10.6%	5.7%	5.4%	22.9%	3.6%	6.3%	5.0%	7.7%	5.4%	
Social & Behav. Sci.	0.2%	1.3%	3.3%	-2.9%	1.7%	3.1%	2.5%	1.0%	3.6%	
Other Fields	-8.7%	-1.3%	2.1%	-11.7%	-1.4%	0.9%	-6.3%	-1.0%	3.5%	

Note: See Appendix D for the survey taxonomy.

APPENDIX D

Taxonomy of Fields of Study

ARTS AND HUMANITIES

Arts – History, Theory, and Criticism

Art History, Criticism, and
Conservation
Ethnomusicology
Music History, Literature, and
Theory
Musicology
Theatre Literature, History and
Citicism
Arts – History, Theory, and

Arts – Performance and Studio

Criticism, Other

Arts, Entertainment, and Media
Management
Crafts/Craft Design
Dance
Design and Applied Arts
Drama/Theatre Arts
Film/Video and Photographic
Arts
Fine and Studio Arts
Music
Arts – Performance and Studio,

English Language and Literature

Other

American Literature
English Language and Literature
English Literature
Rhetoric and Composition
Writing Studies
English Language and
Literatures, Other

Foreign Languages and Literatures

African Languages and
Literatures
American Sign Language
Asiatic Languages and
Literatures
Celtic Languages and
Literatures
Classics and Classical Languages
and Literatures
Germanic Languages and
Literatures
Iranian/Persian Languages and
Literatures
Modern Greek Language and
Literature

Literature
Romance Languages and
Literatures
Slavic, Baltic, and Albanian
Languages and Literatures
Foreign Languages and
Literatures, Other

History

American History
European History
History and Philosophy of
Science and Technology
History, General
History, Other

Philosophy

Ethics Logic Philosophy Philosophy, Other

Arts and Humanities, Other

Linguistic, Comparative, and Related Language Studies and Services Humanities/Humanistic Studies Liberal Arts and Sciences Liberal Arts Arts and Humanities, Other

BIOLOGICAL AND AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES

Agriculture, Natural Resources, and Conservation

Agricultural and Domestic **Animal Services** Agricultural and Food Products **Processing** Agricultural Business and Management **Agricultural Economics** Agricultural Mechanization **Agricultural Production** Agricultural Public Services Agriculture, General Agronomy **Animal Sciences** Applied Horticulture Fishing and Fisheries Sciences and Management Food Science and Technology Forestry Horticultural Business Services International Agriculture Natural Resources and Conservation Natural Resources Management and Policy Parks, Recreation, and Leisure Facilities Management Parks, Recreation, and Leisure

Studies
Plant Sciences

Soil Sciences
Wildlife and Wildlands Science
and Management
Agriculture, Natural Resources,
and Conservation, Other

Biological and Biomedical Sciences

Anatomical Sciences Animal Biology Bacteriology

Biochemistry

Bioinformatics

Biology, General

Biomathematics

Biometry

Biophysics

Biotechnology

Botany/Plant Biology

Cell/Cellular Biology

Computational Biology

Developmental Biology

Ecology

Entomology

Epidemiology

Evolution

Genetics

Immunology

Microbiological Sciences

Molecular Biology

Molecular Medicine

Neurosciences

Parasitology

Pathology

Pharmacology

Physiology

Population Biology

Systematics

Toxicology

Zoology

Biological and Biomedical

Sciences, Other

BUSINESS

Accounting

Accounting Auditing Taxation

Banking and Finance

Banking and Financial Support Services Credit Management

Financial Planning and Services International Finance Investments and Securities

Public Finance

Business Administration and Management

Business Administration and

Management

Business Operations

Business/Commerce, General

Construction Management

E-Commerce

Entrepreneurship

Hospitality Administration/

Management

Human Resources Development

Human Resources Management

Labor and Industrial Relations

Logistics and Supply Chain

Management

Operations Management

Organizational Leadership

Organizational Management

Project Management

Small Business Operations

Sport and Fitness

Administration/Management

Telecommunications

Management

Business Administration and

Management, Other

Business, Other

Business Statistics

Business/Corporate

Communications

Business/Managerial Economics

Insurance

International Business

Management Information

Systems

Management Science

Marketing

Marketing Management

Merchandising

Real Estate

Sales

Business Fields, Other

FDUCATION

Education Administration

Educational Administration Educational Leadership Educational Supervision

Curriculum and Instruction

Curriculum and Instruction

Early Childhood Education

Early Childhood Education and

Teaching

Kindergarten/Preschool Education and Teaching

Elementary Education

Elementary Education and

Teaching

Elementary-Level Teaching Fields

Educational Assessment, Evaluation, and Research

Educational Assessment,

Testing, and Measurement Educational Evaluation and

Research

Educational Psychology

Educational Statistics and

Research Methods

Learning Sciences

School Psychology

Higher Education

Higher Education

Higher Education

Administration

Secondary Education

Secondary Education and

Teaching

Secondary-Level Teaching Fields

Special Education

Education/Teaching of Students w/ Specific Disabilities Education/Teaching of Students w/ Specific Learning Disabilities Education/Teaching of the Gifted and Talented Special Education and Teaching Other Special Education Fields

Student Counseling and Personnel

Services College Student Counseling and Personnel Services Counselor Education School Counseling and Guidance Services Student Counseling and Personnel Services, Other

Education, Other

Adult and Continuing Education Bilingual, Multilingual, and **Multicultural Education** Education, General Educational/Instructional Media Design Health and Physical Education International and Comparative Education Junior High/Middle School **Education and Teaching Outdoor Education** Social and Philosophical Foundations of Education Teaching English as a Second or Foreign Language Other Education Fields

ENGINEERING

Chemical Engineering

Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Chemical Engineering

Civil Engineering

Architectural Engineering Civil Engineering Construction Engineering Environmental/Environmental Health Engineering Geotechnical and Geoenvironmental Engineering Structural Engineering Surveying Engineering Transportation and Highway Engineering Water Resources Engineering

Computer, Electrical, and **Electronics Engineering**

Computer Engineering Computer Hardware Engineering Computer Software Engineering **Electrical Engineering Electronics Engineering** Laser and Optical Engineering Telecommunications Engineering

Industrial Engineering

Industrial Engineering Manufacturing Engineering Operations Research

Materials Engineering

Ceramic Sciences and Engineering Materials Engineering **Materials Science** Metallurgical Engineering Polymer/Plastics Engineering

Mechanical Engineering

Engineering Mechanics Mechanical Engineering

Engineering, Other

Aeronautical Engineering Aerospace Engineering Agricultural Engineering **Biochemical Engineering** Biomedical/Medical Engineering **Electromechanical Engineering Engineering Chemistry**

Engineering Physics Engineering Science Forest Engineering Geological/Geophysical Engineering Mining and Mineral Engineering Naval Architecture and Marine Engineering **Nuclear Engineering** Ocean Engineering Paper Science and Engineering Petroleum Engineering Systems Engineering Textile Sciences and Engineering Engineering, Other

HEALTH AND MEDICAL SCIENCES

Allied Health Alternative and Complementary Medicine Audiology Bioethics/Medical Ethics Chiropractic (excluding D.C. and D.C.M.) Clinical/Medical Laboratory Science/Research **Communication Disorders** Sciences and Services Dentistry and Oral Sciences (excluding D.D.S. and D.M.D.) Dietetics and Clinical Nutrition Services Environmental Health **Exercise Science** Health and Medical **Administrative Services Health Sciences** Health/Medical Preparatory **Programs** Kinesiology Medical Sciences (excluding M.D.) Mental and Social Health Services Nursing **Nutrition Sciences** Occupational Therapy Optometry (excluding O.D.) Osteopathic Medicine

(excluding D.O.)

Pharmaceutical Sciences
(excluding Pharm.D.)
Physical Therapy
Physician Assistant
Podiatry (excluding D.P.M., D.P.
and Pod.D.)
Public Health
Rehabilitation and Therapy
Speech-Language Pathology
Veterinary Biomedical and
Clinical Science
Veterinary Medicine (excluding D.V.M.)
Health and Medical Sciences,
Other

MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTER SCIENCES

Mathematical Sciences

Actuarial Science
Applied Mathematics
Mathematics
Probability
Statistics
Mathematical Sciences, Other

Computer and Information Sciences

Computer and Information Sciences, General **Computer Programming Computer Science** Computer Software and Media **Applications** Computer Systems Analysis Computer Systems Networking and Telecommunications Computer/Information **Technology Administration** and Management **Data Processing** Information Sciences/Studies Microcomputer Applications Computer and Information Sciences, Other

PHYSICAL AND EARTH SCIENCES

Chemistry

Analytical Chemistry
Chemical Plastics
Chemistry, General
Environmental Chemistry
Forensic Chemistry
Inorganic Chemistry
Medicinal and Pharmaceutical
Chemistry
Organic Chemistry
Physical Chemistry
Polymer Chemistry
Theoretical Chemistry
Chemistry, Other

Earth, Atmospheric, and Marine Sciences

Aquatic Biology/Limnology

Atmospheric Sciences
Biological Oceanography
Earth Sciences
Geochemistry
Geological Sciences
Geophysics and Seismology
Geosciences
Hydrology
Marine Biology
Marine Sciences
Meteorology
Oceanography
Paleontology
Earth, Atmospheric, and Marine
Sciences, Other

Physics and Astronomy

Acoustics
Astronomy
Astrophysics
Atomic/Molecular Physics
Condensed Matter and Materials
Physics
Elementary Particle Physics
Nuclear Physics
Optics/Optical Sciences
Physics
Planetary Astronomy and
Science
Plasma and High-Temperature
Physics
Solid State Physics

Theoretical and Mathematical Physics Physics and Astronomy, Other

Natural Sciences, Other

Natural Sciences, General Physical Sciences, General Science Technologies Natural Sciences, Other

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICES

Public Administration

Community Organization and Advocacy Public Administration

Social Work

Social Work Youth Services/Administration Social Work, Other

SOCIAL AND BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES

Anthropology and Archaeology

Anthropology Archaeology

Economics

Applied Economics
Economics
Economics
International Economics

Political Science

International Relations
Political Science and
Government
Public Policy Analysis

Psychology

Applied Psychology Clinical Psychology Cognitive Psychology Community Psychology Comparative Psychology Counseling Psychology Developmental and Child Psychology **Experimental Psychology** Forensic Psychology Industrial and Organizational Psychology Personality Psychology Physiological Psychology **Psycholinguistics** Psychology, General **Psychometrics** Psychopharmacology Quantitative Psychology Research and Experimental Psychology Social Psychology Psychology, Other

Sociology

Demography Rural Sociology Sociology

Social Sciences, Other

Adult Development and Aging Area, Ethnic, Cultural, Gender, and Group Studies Criminal Justice/Criminology Geography and Cartography Gerontology Social Sciences, General Urban Studies/Affairs Social Sciences, Other

OTHER FIELDS

Architecture and Environmental Design

Architectural History and
Criticism
Architectural Sciences and
Technology
Architecture
City/Urban, Community and
Regional Planning
Environmental Design
Interior Architecture
Landscape Architecture
Real Estate Development
Architecture and Environmental
Design, Other

Communications and Journalism

Advertising
Communication and Media
Studies
Communications Technologies
Journalism
Mass Communication
Public Relations
Publishing
Radio, Television, and Digital
Communication
Speech Communication
Communications and

Family and Consumer Sciences

Journalism, Other

Apparel and Textiles
Family and Consumer
Economics
Family and Consumer Sciences
Family Studies
Foods, Nutrition, and Wellness
Studies
Housing and Human
Environments
Human Development
Human Sciences
Work and Family Studies
Family and Consumer Sciences,
Other

Library and Archival Sciences

Archives/Archival
Administration
Library and Information Science
Library and Archival Sciences,
Other

Religion and Theology

Philosophy and Religious Studies, General Religion/Religious Studies Theology and Religious Vocations (excluding M.Div., M.H.L., B.D., and Ordination) Religion and Theology, Other

Other Fields

Fire Protection
Homeland Security
Interdisciplinary Studies
Legal Research and Professional
Studies (excluding L.L.B. and
J.D.)
Military Technologies
Multidisciplinary Studies
Other Fields Not Previously
Classified

APPENDIX E

List of Institutions Participated in the Fall 2017 Survey

Abilene Christian University

Adelphi University

Air Force Institute of Technology

Alabama State University
Alcorn State University

Alfred University
American University

Anderson University
Andrews University

Angelo State University

Antioch New England Graduate School

Appalachian State University

Aquinas College Argosy University

Arizona State University Arkansas Tech University

Armstrong Atlantic State University

Auburn University

Auburn University at Montgomery

Aurora University

Austin Peay State University

Azusa Pacific University

Baker University
Ball State University
Barry University

Baylor College of Dentistry - Texas A&M

University HSC

Baylor College of Medicine

Baylor University

Bemidji State University Benedictine University

Berry College Bethel University

Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania

Boise State University

Boston College

Boston University

Bowie State University

Bradley University

Brandeis University

Brenau University

Bridgewater State University

Brigham Young University

Brooklyn College – CUNY

Brown University

Bryant University

Bryn Mawr College

Bucknell University

Buffalo State College

Butler University

Caldwell College

California Institute of Integral Studies

California Institute of Technology

California Lutheran University

California Polytechnic State University

California State Polytechnic University – Pomona

California State University – Bakersfield

California State University – Chico

California State University – Dominguez Hills

California State University – East Bay

California State University – Fresno

California State University – Fullerton

California State University – Los Angeles

 ${\bf California\ State\ University-Northridge}$

California State University – Sacramento

California State University – San Bernardino

California State University - San Marcos

California State University – Stanislaus

California University of Pennsylvania

Calvin College

Cameron University
Carlow University

Carnegie Mellon University

Carson-Newman College

Case Western Reserve University Catholic University of America

Central Connecticut State University

Central Washington University

Champlain College

Chapman University

Charleston Southern University

Chatham University

Chicago School of Professional Psychology

Christopher Newport University

Citadel, The

City College of the City University of New York

City University of New York Graduate Center

Claremont Graduate University

Clark Atlanta University

Clarke College

Clarkson University Clemson University

Cleveland State University

College of Charleston

College of Mount Saint Joseph College of New Jersey, The College of New Rochelle

College of Saint Rose

 $College\ of\ Staten\ Island-CUNY$

College of William and Mary Colorado School of Mines

Colorado State University

Columbia College
Columbia University

Columbus State University

Concordia University Cornell University Creighton University

D'Youville College

Dartmouth College

Davenport University

Delta State University

DePaul University

Dominican University

Drake University

Drew University

Duke University

Duquesne University

East Carolina University

East Central University

East Tennessee State University

Eastern Kentucky University

Eastern Michigan University

Eastern Washington University

Elon University

Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University

Emerson College

Emory University

Emporia State University

Fairleigh Dickinson University

Faulkner University

Fayetteville State University

Ferris State University

Fielding Graduate University

Fitchburg State College

Florida Atlantic University

Florida Institute of Technology

Florida International University

Florida State University

Fordham University

Fort Valley State University

Frostburg State University

Furman University

Gallaudet University

Gannon University

Gardner-Webb University

Geneva College

George Mason University

George Washington University

Georgetown University

Georgia College and State University

Georgia Health Sciences University

Georgia Institute of Technology Georgia Southern University Georgia Southwestern College

Georgia State University

Gonzaga University

Governors State University
Grambling State University

Grand Valley State University

Hampton University

Hardin–Simmons University

Harding University
Harvard University

Hazelden Graduate School of Addiction Studies

Hebrew Union College - Jewish Institute

of Religion

Henderson State University

Hofstra University
Holy Family University
Holy Names University

Hood College

Howard University

Humboldt State University

Hunter College of the City University of New York

Idaho State University

Illinois Institute of Technology

Illinois State University Immaculata University Indiana University

marana omversity

Indiana University – Purdue University

Fort Wayne

Indiana University of Pennsylvania

Indiana University - Purdue University -

Indianapolis

Inter American University of Puerto Rico

Iona College

Iowa State University

Ithaca College

Jackson State University

Jacksonville State University

James Madison University

Jewish Theological Seminary of America

John Brown University
John Carroll University
Johns Hopkins University
Johnson and Wales University

Kansas State University

Kean University

Keck Graduate Institute of Applied Life Science

Keene State College

Keller Graduate School of Management of

DeVry University

Kennesaw State University

Kent State University
Kettering University

Kutztown University of Pennsylvania

La Salle University
La Sierra University
Lamar University
Lehigh University
Lesley University
Lewis University

Lincoln Memorial University

Lipscomb University

Lock Haven University Of PA

Loma Linda University Longwood University

Loras College

Louisiana State University and A & M College

Louisiana State University Health Sciences Center

Louisiana Tech University Loyola Marymount University

Loyola University

Loyola University Maryland Loyola University of Chicago

Madonna University
Marian University
Marquette University
Marshall University
Marymount University
Marywood University

Massachusetts Institute of Technology

McDaniel College

McNeese State University Medical College of Wisconsin

Medical University of South Carolina

Meharry Medical College

Mercy College Meredith College Merrimack College

Metropolitan State University of Denver

Miami University

Michigan State University

Michigan Technological University MidAmerica Nazarene University

Middlebury College

Millersville University of Pennsylvania Minnesota State University – Moorhead

Minot State University
Misericordia University
Mississippi State University
Missouri State University

Missouri University of Science & Technology

Missouri Western State University

Molloy College

Monmouth University

Montana State University

Montana Tech of the University of Montana

Montclair State University Morgan State University Mount St. Mary's College Murray State University

Nazareth College of Rochester New Jersey Institute of Technology New Mexico Highlands University

New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology

New Mexico State University

New School, The

New York Institute of Technology

New York Medical College New York University Newman University Nicholls State University

North Carolina Agricultural & Technical

State University

North Carolina Central University

North Carolina State University at Raleigh

North Central College

North Dakota State University

North Georgia College and State University

Northeastern Illinois University Northeastern State University

Northeastern University
Northern Arizona University
Northern Kentucky University
Northern Michigan University
Northern State University

Northwest Missouri State University Northwest Nazarene University

Northwestern University

Nova Southeastern University

Oakland City University
Oakland University
Occidental College

Ohio State University

Ohio University

Oklahoma State University
Old Dominion University

Oregon Health and Science University

Oregon State University

Our Lady of the Lake University

Pace University

Pacific Lutheran University
Pennsylvania State University

Pepperdine University
Piedmont College

Pittsburg State University Plymouth State University

Point Park University

Polytechnic Institute of New York University

Portland State University

Prairie View A & M University

Princeton University

Providence College Purdue University

Quinnipiac University Radford University Regent University

Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute

Rhode Island College

Rhode Island School of Design

Rice University

Richard Stockton College of New Jersey, The

Rider University

Rochester Institute of Technology

Rockefeller University Rockhurst University

Rosalind Franklin University of Medicine

and Science

Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology

Rowan University
Rush University

Rutgers University – Camden

Rutgers University – New Brunswick

Sacred Heart School of Theology

Sage Graduate School
Saint Ambrose University
Saint Bonaventure University

Saint Catherine University Saint Edward's University Saint John Fisher College

Saint John's University

Saint Mary's College of California

Saint Mary's University of San Antonio

Salem State College Salisbury University Salve Regina University San Diego State University San Francisco State University

San Jose State University Santa Clara University

Savannah College of Art & Design

Savannah State University

School of Visual Arts

Seattle Pacific University

Seattle University
Seton Hall University
Shenandoah University
Shippensburg University

Simmons College

Slippery Rock University of Pennsylvania

South Carolina State University

South Dakota School of Mines & Technology

South Dakota State University

Southeast Missouri State University Southeastern Louisiana University Southern Adventist University Southern Arkansas University

Southern Baptist Theological Seminary Southern Illinois University Carbondale Southern Illinois University Edwardsville

Southern Methodist University
Southern University A & M College

Southern Utah University

Southwestern Graduate School of

Biomedical Sciences Spalding University Springfield College Stanford University

State University of New York at Binghamton
State University of New York at Oswego

State University of New York College at Brockport

State University of New York Health

Science Center

State University of New York Upstate

Medical University

Stephen F. Austin State University

Stetson University

Stevens Institute of Technology

Stony Brook University Suffolk University

SUNY – Environmental Science & Forestry

SUNY College at Cortland SUNY College at Fredonia

SUNY Institute of Technology at Utica/Rome

Syracuse University

Tarleton State University

Teachers College - Columbia University

Temple University

Tennessee State University

Tennessee Technological University

Texas A & M International University

Texas A & M University

Texas A & M University - Commerce

Texas A & M University – Corpus Christi

Texas A & M University – Kingsville

Texas A & M University – Texarkana

Texas A & M University at Galveston

Texas A&M University, Central Texas

Texas Christian University

Texas Southern University

Texas State University - San Marcos

Texas Tech University

Texas Woman's University

Thomas Edison State College

Towson University

Trevecca Nazarene University

Troy University
Tufts University

Tulane University

United States Sports Academy

Universidad del Este

University at Albany – State University of

New York

University at Buffalo - SUNY

University of Akron

University of Alabama

- CALL

University of Alabama at Birmingham University of Alabama in Huntsville

University of Alaska Fairbanks

University of Arizona

University of Arkansas

University of Arkansas at Little Rock

University of Arkansas at Monticello

University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences

University of Bridgeport

University of California - Berkeley

University of California – Davis

University of California - Irvine

University of California - Los Angeles

University of California - Merced

University of California – San Diego

University of California – San Francisco

University of California – Santa Barbara

University of California – Santa Cruz

University of Central Arkansas

University of Central Florida

University of Central Missouri

University of Central Oklahoma

University of Chicago

University of Cincinnati

University of Colorado at Boulder

University of Colorado at Colorado Springs

University of Colorado at Denver and

Health Science

University of Connecticut

University of Dallas

University of Dayton

University of Delaware

University of Denver

University of Evansville

University of Florida

University of Georgia

University of Hartford

University of Hawaii at Manoa

University of Houston

University of Houston-Clear Lake

University of Idaho

University of Illinois at Chicago

University of Illinois at Springfield

University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

University of Iowa

University of Kansas

University of Kentucky

University of Louisiana at Lafayette

University of Louisiana at Monroe

University of Louisville

University of Lynchburg University of Maine

University of Mary Hardin – Baylor University of Maryland – Baltimore County

University of Maryland - College Park University of Maryland - Eastern Shore University of Maryland at Baltimore

University of Massachusetts Dartmouth University of Massachusetts Medical

University of Massachusetts Boston

School Worcester

University of Medicine & Dentistry of New Jersey

University of Memphis University of Miami University of Michigan University of Michigan-Flint University of Minnesota University of Mississippi

University of Mississippi Medical Center University of Missouri – Columbia University of Missouri – Kansas City University of Missouri - St. Louis

University of Mobile University of Montana University of Montevallo

University of Nebraska at Kearney University of Nebraska at Omaha

University of Nebraska Medical Center

University of Nebraska - Lincoln

University of Nevada - Reno

University of Nevada–Las Vegas University of New England

University of New Hampshire

University of New Haven University of New Mexico University of New Orleans

University of North Alabama University of North Carolina at Asheville

University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill University of North Carolina at Charlotte

University of North Carolina at Greensboro

University of North Carolina at Pembroke, The University of North Carolina at Wilmington

University of North Dakota University of North Florida University of North Texas

University of North Texas Health Science Center

at Fort Worth

University of Northern Colorado University of Northern Iowa University of Notre Dame University of Oklahoma

University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center

University of Oregon

University of Pennsylvania

University of Phoenix University of Pittsburgh University of Rhode Island University of Rochester University of Saint Thomas University of San Diego University of San Francisco University of South Alabama

University of South Carolina University of South Dakota University of South Florida

University of South Florida – St. Petersburg Campus

University of Southern California University of Southern Maine University of Southern Mississippi

University of St. Francis

University of Tennessee - Knoxville University of Tennessee at Chattanooga

University of Tennessee at Martin

University of Tennessee Health Science Center

University of Texas – Pan American University of Texas at Arlington University of Texas at Austin University of Texas at Dallas University of Texas at El Paso University of Texas at San Antonio

University of Texas Health Science Center at Houston

University of Texas Health Science Center at San Antonio

University of Texas Medical Branch, Galveston

University of Texas of the Permian Basin, The

University of the District of Columbia

University of the Incarnate Word

University of the Pacific

University of the Sciences in Philadelphia

University of Toledo University of Tulsa University of Utah

University of Vermont University of Virginia

University of Washington

University of West Alabama

University of West Florida University of West Georgia

University of Wisconsin – Eau Claire

University of Wisconsin – Green Bay

University of Wisconsin – La Crosse

University of Wisconsin – Madison

University of Wisconsin – Milwaukee

University of Wisconsin – Platteville

University of Wisconsin – River Falls University of Wisconsin – Stevens Point

University of Wisconsin – Superior

University of Wisconsin – Whitewater

University of Wyoming

Ursuline College

Utah State University

Valdosta State University

Valparaiso University

Vanderbilt University

Villanova University

Virginia Commonwealth University

Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University

Wagner College

Wake Forest University Biomed Grad Stds

Wake Forest University Business

Wake Forest University

Walden University

Walsh University

Washington State University

Washington University

Watson School of Biological Sciences

Wayland Baptist University

Wayne State College

Wayne State University

Wesleyan University

West Chester University

West Virginia University

Western Carolina University

Western Illinois University

Western Kentucky University

Western Michigan University

Western Oregon State University

Western Washington University

Westfield State College

Wheaton College

Wheeling Jesuit University

Wichita State University

Widener University

Wilkes University

William Paterson University

Winona State University

Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution

Worcester Polytechnic Institute

Worcester State College

Wright State University

Xavier University of Louisiana

Yale University

Youngstown State University

APPENDIX F

Survey Instrument

2017

CGS/GRE® Survey of Graduate Enrollment and Degrees

Data Sheet

In	stitu	ition:				GRI	Institutio	n Cod	le:		Print	
I. Gradua	ite En	rollmen	t for 2017	Fall Term								
				First Time	е		Te	otal (Inc	ludes F	irst Time)		
		1	Vlen	Women	Tot	al	Men	Wo	Women Total			
Master's a	nd Oth	ner *										
Doctorate												
Total												
					-	,						
Full Time												
Part Time												
Total												
II. Numb	er of l	Degrees	Conferred	d between July	1, 2016							
	1011			Men		<u>'</u>	Women			Total		
Master's a	na Otr	ner *										
Doctorate												
Graduate (Certific	ate										
III Niconali		Camala		ations Cubusite	f 7	017 Fall Tax						
III. Numi	er or	Comple		cations Submit			octorate			Total		
Accepted				viaster's and Oth	er.	<u>_</u>	octorate			TOLAI		
Not Accepted	tad											
Total	ieu											
10101												
IV. Gradu	ıate E	nrollme	ent by Race	e/Ethnicity for	2017 Fa	ll Term						
			•	•		First-Tin	ne	To	otal (In	cludes Firs	t Time)	
					Men			Me	•	Women	Total	
Non-Resid	ent Ali	ens (Ten	nporary Res	idents)								
	Hisp	anic/Lati	no (of any r	ace)								
		Americ	an Indian/A	Alaskan Native								
ınd t	. <u>.</u>	Asian										
ns a ien nts	oan	Black/	k/African American									
U.S Citizens and Permanent Residents	Non-Hispanic	Native	Hawaiian/C	Other Pacific								
Cit ern Res	-uc	Islande	er									
U.S P	ž	White										
		Two or	More Race	·s								
	Race	/Ethnici	ty Unknown	1								
Citizenship	Unkn	own										
Total												

* Other includes other non-doctoral programs (for example, graduate certificate programs and educational specialist programs) except in



question II where graduate certificates are reported separately.



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